

# The Times-Democrat.

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PRICE THREE CENTS.

## NO BOSSES PRESENT.

So Declared Temporary Chairman Ulrich Sloan.

## SLOGAN OF FREE SILVER.

Convention of the Common People Held in Columbus.

## CHICAGO PLATFORM IS INDOESD.

Many Requests Were Made of the Committee on Resolutions, but For Good Reasons None of Them Were Granted.

Columbus, O., June 30.—The largest political convention ever held in this city must be credited to the Democrats. It was large both in numbers and enthusiasm, the fact that there were many candidates being responsible for the large number of guests present, the friends of each candidate being on hand with all the influence at their command.

The hotel lobbies and streets were crowded during the early part of the night and the headquarters of the various candidates were thronged. Especially was this so of the rooms occupied by Judge Hough, Mr. Chapman and Mr. Welby.

The general opinion was that Judge

This convention comes from the common people and owes its allegiance solely to them, and is not here to receive the edict of any self-styled "boss" ruling, but the cause of distinguished services to the country as statesman, patriot or soldier, nor by force of great intellectual attainments, but by the sheer brute force of wealth.

In these respects what a contrast it offers to the late convention at Toledo. You will mark that I do not say the late Republican convention at Toledo, for that convention was not called, organized or controlled by the men that the fathers of the Republican party taught, but merely to obey the mandates and do the will of Mark Hanna, ruling by as veritably brute force as did any robber baron of the middle ages assembled at Toledo were men all bearing the ear ring of either Hanna or Foraker, rival "bosses," and representing the victory for one or the other such "bosses" in every county of the state.

To all Republicans, McKinley Democrats, or followers of the undies and dotards who met at Indianapolis, the removal of the slogan of free silver here and in Kentucky, will be a warning to them, that the fiery cross is speeding over mountain and valley, over hill and dale, over field and forest, summoning the silver clannish to fight the great battle for the people, and receiving so weak or unceremonious response.

Yes, the class are gathering, and as this is a fight for common country, not for class, enrolling themselves under the silver banner are now to be found thousands upon thousands who have heretofore voted with the Republican party. Five millions of men are now begging for "silver to sell." Millions more, and these chiefly from the agriculturists and middle men, are tottering on the verge of bankruptcy. Agriculture is unproductive, although God has done his part. Our miners are starving starvation in the face and the long howl of the woe is heard from the cauldrons of the wretched and the children.

All these classes cry to the McKinley administration for bread and are offered a stone. The people ask for money and Charles Grosvenor pitches them a sugar beet. The paucity for all these ills now attempted to be applied by the present administration is what? Higher taxes! These two words state the matter plainly, and no sophistry or Tallyhoan use of the words to conceal thought can gain say it.

Time is wanting here to discuss even the general features of the Dingley bill. It is sufficient to say that the duties proposed are, in general, higher than those enacted in the McKinley bill. They are duties laid expressly for the so-called protection of certain industries, which must be so favored because of an anti-election contract to that effect made by Mark Hanna, "for valuable consideration."

It is a bill such as James G. Blaine denominated as not designed to furnish a market for a barrel of our pork or a pound of our pork. It is a bill which is the product of the persistent importunity of those industries which sought to be specially benefited by its provisions.

It was passed by a house which refused to give protection to the farmer in the one way by which I believe protection will surely get him some—a duty on hides. A higher tariff is a breeder of trusts, and trusts have become the most powerful and insidious enemies of free institutions.

The Democratic party believes there is a remedy for the present ills. It consists simply in the rectifying of a great wrong, surreptitiously done our people by the money mongers of Europe and America through their ready agent and accomplice, John Sherman, in 1873.

That remedy is the restoration by law to its ancient constitutional and lawful place along side of gold of the silver dollar with free and unlimited coinage at our mints for both at the ratio of 16 to 1, and both endowed by statute with full legal tender power in payment of all debts both public and private. We demand that silver shall be permitted to be discriminated against, by private contract, nor by the acts of public officials in the redemption and payment of government obligation.

The Republican party does not promise what will be the policy of the Republican party in the event of the non-acceptance of the present agreement. To restore silver by act of the present congress? No. They are pledged, in that event, to maintain the existing gold standard, to yield the sovereignty of 70 millions of people to a lot of bankers in London.

Democrats have one clear, unequivocal answer to all this twaddle. "We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid and consent of any other nation."

"We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract."

And what has become of the promised prosperity of which McKinley was the advance agent? There is not one intelligent man in the United States of America who read and write who does not know and who did not know when McKinley was elected that that the road to prosperity was a road of sorrow, a road of perseverance, of industry and of wisdom, not to be suddenly traveled.

These are the reported words of the distinguished gentleman who presided over the late convention at Toledo. How pitiful, yes, how lame!

In this country the great source of material wealth is the farm. Yet there is nothing in the proposed Republican plan that promises the farmer any general relief. The proposed legislation is all in the interest of aggregated wealth powerful in the great cities.

There is not a Democrat in this land whose sympathy is not with the struggling, suffering Cubans, and who would not like to see them obtain their independence. Such sympathy has been the cause of our dependence becomes insignificant beside the great conflict in which our own people, a nation of 70 millions, are now engaged in the effort to obtain their freedom from the far more debasing tyranny of gold.

Under the call of the central committee, all believers in the remonetization of the silver dollar are invited to participate in the work of this convention and to join with us in this campaign.

On the silver question many persons of conflicting opinions as to other political questions can unite.

Let this convention, therefore, declare as it did last year. All other questions sink into insignificance compared with that of the restoration of the "Dollar of the Daddies."

Let that be our war cry and the end and aim of our warfare. "Stick ye first the reign of silver and righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you."

But after you have made your declaration for free silver in your platform there remains a more serious work for you, and that is to avoid bringing your declaration of principles by nominating men who do not stand squarely and truly by them.

You can not hope that at this time the combined silver forces of this state can be brought to vote for one who did not support our gallant and true standard bearer, William J. Bryan, not to support any one who by vote or speech sustained the course of Cleveland and Carlisle in their attempt

to take their infamous gold bonds scheme on the country.

That was a wrong that even gold bug Republicans are ashamed to defend. This does not shut the door of repentance on any such, but on the contrary they should be welcomed when they desire to enlist under the silver flag.

But such should stay in the ranks this time and battle there for the cause. As leaders they will be distrusted by the rank and file of the silver army. The people want men to lead them this fall, in the coming campaign, who have the stains of battle, if not wounds, to show that they have won the right to implicit confidence.

Put no man in the van now, who when the great fight raged last fall and the people were warring against the vast money power of this country and Europe, and who, being able to fight, failed to fight, and who instead watered and hesitated, who to use Lowell's words, stood

"Doubting in his subject's spirit, till his Lord is equipt."

Place no man on guard at this time, who, like Achilles while the battle raged, sat in his tent because the fair Briseis was denied him. Trust no man to lead who would attach to the remonetization of silver any such condition as that the government should have a seigniorage.

With platform such as I have described, and candidates who answer these requirements, we will have the battle more than half won.

Calling on all the friends of silver to unite with us in this great battle for humanity, this second war for independence, let us go forward with confidence and courage of the Hermit, preaching the Crusades, shouting "God wills it!" and we will surely conquer.

And that victory thus won will be but the prelude to that much greater victory we shall win when in 1900, under the leadership of William J. Bryan, we will golden rule the Hermit, preaching the Crusades, shouting "God wills it!" and we will surely conquer.

At the conclusion of Mr. Sloan's address a permanent organization was effected and the reports of committees were received and disposed of. Everything now in readiness, the various candidates were placed in nomination and the balloting began.

About the Committees.

The district meetings were held during the afternoon and the usual committees selected. The committees on resolutions are given below as well as the central committee. The platform was drafted by a subcommittee consisting of A. J. Warner, chairman; D. S. Oliver, secretary, and Allen O. Myers, G. W. Moore and General E. B. Finley.

Resolutions.

First district, Allen O. Myers, Hamilton; Second, E. S. Oliver, Hamilton; Third, James E. Campbell, Butler; Fourth, George W. Moore, Darke; Fifth, H. G. Baker, Defiance; Sixth, W. F. Radebush, Clermont; Seventh, A. R. Bolin, Pickaway; Eighth, F. M. Marriott, Delaware; Ninth, S. C. Cole, Wood; Tenth, M. C. Smith, Lawrence; Eleventh, W. E. Pluke, Jr., Perry; Twelfth, Casper Loewenstein, Franklin; Thirteenth, General E. B. Finley, Crawford; Fourteenth, C. P. Winbiger, Ashland; Fifteenth, General A. J. Warner, Washington; Sixteenth, A. O. Barnes, Harrison; Seventeenth, J. H. McDowell, Holmes; Eighteenth, F. D. Miller, Columbiana; Nineteenth, F. V. Welsh, Summit; Twentieth, W. P. Hackney, Cuyahoga; Twenty-first, Carl Nau, Cuyahoga.

Central Committees.

First district, John Hagerty, Hamilton; Second, Louis Reemelin, Hamilton; Third, Joseph H. Dawling, Montgomery; Fourth, R. B. Gordon, Auglaize; Fifth, W. W. Wilson, Van Wert; Sixth, E. B. Strothers, Brown; Seventh, W. S. Murray, Madison; Eighth, W. W. Durbin, Hardin; Ninth, John Boland, Lucas; Tenth, J. L. Patterson, Seneca; Eleventh, Curtis V. Harris, Athens; Twelfth, W. H. Williams, Franklin; Thirteenth, M. J. Thrayes, Sandusky; Fourteenth, Frank B. Mercer, Knox.

The Platform.

The Democrats of Ohio in convention assembled reaffirm and endorse the declaration of principles contained in the platform adopted by the Democratic party in national convention at Chicago in 1896, which platform declared the money question paramount to all others at this time, and is as follows:

We invite attention to the fact that the constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit, and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873, demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the depreciation of gold, and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry, and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the property of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit of love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver or gold coin.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds at an enormous profit to themselves,

supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of monometallism.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as a derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made legal tender for public and private debts of which is receivable for duties to the United States, shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

In support of these principles we invite the co-operation of all men who love liberty and hate corruption, oppression and tyranny.

MRS. JACKSON ARRESTED.

He Is Charged With Being Implicated Her Husband's Murder.

Kansas City, June 30.—Mrs. F. J. Jackson, who is wealthy and owns a big laundry here and a paying drug store on Independence avenue, was arrested charged with complicity in the murder of her husband, Fred J. Jackson, who was shot to death several months ago in Mrs. Jackson's apartments at the Woodland hotel by Dr. J. D. Goddard, who is manager of Mrs. Jackson's drug business. The warrant was sworn to by a brother of the dead man, Mrs. Jackson was promptly released under \$20,000 bonds.

Dr. Goddard, who had been in jail since the shooting, and who is under indictment for murder in the first degree, was also released under \$20,000 bonds.

First Scorching.

Cincinnati, June 30.—The first severe heat of the tour descended upon the Pan-American merchant travelers, but they spent their time so pleasantly before bidding Cincinnati farewell that their rigors were scarcely felt. Special trolley cars took them about the town and surrounding country, a short stop being made at the Rockwood pottery, on the summit of Mount Adams incline. Here the foreigners saw the process of turning crude clay into beautiful specimens of art. The party left for Louisville.

Utmost Precaution Taken.

Franklin, Ky., June 30.—The trial of Green Dinning, the negro who is charged with the killing of Jodie Conn, a farmer, has begun. Eighty-seven members of the Kentucky State Guard are present to protect the negro from the hands of a mob. Acting on instructions from Governor Bradley, Colonel E. H. Gaither searched every person who entered the courtroom for concealed weapons.

Tammany's Program.

New York, June 30.—The program for the Tammany society's Fourth of July celebration was completed. The principal speeches, or "long talks," will be made by James T. Richardson, congressman from Tennessee, who was acting chairman of the Chicago convention in 1896, and Henry St. George Tucker, congressman from Virginia.

A Tacoma Bank Suspends.

Tacoma, Wash., June 30.—The Union Trust and Savings bank suspended and the court appointed Charles Rinehardson as receiver. No statement has yet been filed. It is stated that the cause of the trouble is a recent decision of the state supreme court invalidating \$500,000 worth of city warrants, of which the bank holds \$250,000 worth.

Wage Scale Signed.

Joliet, Ills., June 30.—The amalgamated scale of wages at the Illinois Steel company's works in this city was signed. It is the same as last year. The men and their employers are both satisfied.

## GARDINER'S FAST MILE

He Breaks the World's One Mile Handicap Record.

## MOWS DOWN A LARGE FIELD.

The Track Conditions Were Excellent and the Fast Chicago Rider Turns the Track in 2:05 1-5, Followed by Mertens.

Springfield, Ills., June 30.—Arthur Gardiner of Chicago, in the bicycle races of the National circuit bicycle meet, held at the state fair grounds, broke the world's one-mile handicap record. There were 18 starters in the race, Gardiner, Mertens and Will Coburn being the scratch men. Gardiner won the race, his time being 2:05 1-5. The world's previous record was 2:05 3-5, made by Mertens this year.

The track was in excellent condition, being as smooth as glass, and everything was in good condition for record breaking when the race was run. The second prize was won by Mertens of Minneapolis, who followed Gardiner closely. L. D. Coburn of St. Louis won third and Willie Coburn fourth.

Big Railroad Fight.

New York, June 30.—The commencement of a big fight between the New York Central and Hudson River railroad against the New York and Harlem railroad, which it has been operating for many years, was disclosed in the filing of the complaint in a suit brought by the Central road to compel the Harlem to execute a mortgage on the property and franchises to the Central, devised by the latter by a contract made on April 1, 1873, and to issue new bonds under the mortgage from \$12,000,000, payable in gold on May 1, 2000.

Trying to Desert Bad Lands.

Gillette, Wyo., June 30.—Tired and muddy the Twenty-fifth Infantry bicycle corps, Lieutenant Moss commanding, arrived here at 2:30 p. m. en route to St. Louis. Wild Horse creek, near Arvada, was a mass of mud. Hailstones which fell Sunday were drifted seven and eight feet high. The weather was very hot and no good water could be obtained. The corps is making a forced ride to get out of the bad lands.

Shot In the 16-to-1 Saloon.

Texas, June 30.—Deputy Sheriff Frank J. Barkman shot and instantly killed Deputy City Marshal O. D. Perry in the Sixteen-to-One saloon on the Texas side of this city. The deceased was the only witness that testified against Barkman for killing Pink Damon of Fort Worth, Tex., in this city about a month ago, and the trial was to have come up at this time of court. The deceased leaves a wife.

Conditions Not Favorable.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 30.—A south wind and a disagreeable, spattering rain that bites when it hits marks the time preceding the race of the freshmen of Columbia, Cornell and Pennsylvania, and it is believed prefigures a disagreeable day. The water was bad for the next to the final day's practice, but all of the crews went out. The race will take place over the two mile course down stream.

McKelvey's Veto.

New York, June 30.—The jury in the conspiracy case of the American Tobacco company, which has been on



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. Makes the food against ailment and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

trial before Judge Fitzgerald in the court of general sessions, failed to agree. Although no verdict for the prosecution was rendered, a disagreement is nevertheless regarded by District Attorney Olcott as a victory for the people.

Numerous Addresses.

Cleveland, June 30.—The session of the federated wire trades was taken up with addresses. John Kane, president of the Rad Mill Men's association, told of the lockout at the Cleveland mill of the Consolidated Wire company and the injunction proceedings in the United States court restraining the idle men from interfering with the men at work.

Fears His Wife's Retaliation.

Chicago, June 30.—Actor Edward J. Ratcliffe declares that he is afraid to return to New York to answer charges of wife beating. From letters received by him from friends he thinks his life is in danger from his wife's relatives. He also fears he will be unable to secure bail.

Dinner to Special Embassy.

London, June 30.—The United States ambassador, Colonel John Hay, gave a dinner in honor of the United States special envoy, Whiteley Reid, and Mrs. Reid; Nelson A. Miles, United States army; Mrs. Miles, Rear Admiral J. N. Miller, United States navy, and Mrs. Miller.

For a Military Post.

Fort Gibson, I. T., June 30.—The recent resistance by freedmen to replevin by United States marshals and general unsettled conditions have induced the Dawes commission to request the secretary of war to have a military post re-established here.

Regarded as a Victory.

New York, June 30.—Police Superintendent McKelvey of Brooklyn said: "Fitzsimmons and Sullivan can not meet in a sparring match or exhibition at Ambrose park or anywhere else in Brooklyn on July 5."

Speedy Sentences.

St. Paul, June 30.—Charles R. Zschau, receiving teller of the German American National bank, who pleaded guilty to stealing several thousand dollars from the bank, was sentenced to eight years in state prison.

Miners Return to Work.

Nashville, June 30.—One thousand miners employed by the Coal Creek company returned to work at the old scale after a brief strike. The men were in sympathy with the strikers in the Jellico district.



HON. ULRICH SLOAN.

Hough would be nominated, but conditions were such that this prediction was invariably qualified. It was poised about that a deal was to be made with some other aspirant, whereby he was to be made lieutenant governor or attorney general for throwing his support to Mr. Hough, but this could not be confirmed.

The Hough supporters were greatly encouraged when W. W. Durbin was re-elected chairman of the state central committee and Hon. Dan McConville was re-elected chairman of the executive committee by an almost unanimous vote.

The committee on resolutions got to work early in the evening and appointed a subcommittee of five to formulate a platform to be ratified by the full committee.

Many propositions were made to the subcommittee, among them being one demanding that a place be left vacant on the ticket and also that an initiative and referendum plank be adopted.

The propositions were so numerous that the full committee decided it would be extremely dangerous to undertake to consider them, as it might result in discussions and leave the whole matter in a crude and chaotic state.

In view of this fact it was decided to simply endorse the Chicago platform of 1896 with a few slight variations. Nearly every member of the committee was in favor of adopting the following Cuban plank, but it was ignored for reasons before stated:

"We demand the immediate recognition of the belligerent rights of the Republic of Cuba as an act of justice to an American nation struggling for liberty against foreign oppressors, and we denounce and protest against the action of Senator Hanna in voting to nullify the memorial presented to congress unanimously by the legislature of Ohio in favor of the Cuban patriots."

When the Populists demanded a place on the ticket they were told to place their man in the field and let him stand or fall as other candidates are compelled to do.

Convention Called to Order.

Hon. W. W. Durbin, chairman of the state central committee, called the convention to order promptly at 10 a. m., and Rev. Dr. E. L. Rexford invoked divine blessing on those present, that they might do their work wisely and well.

Immediately after the prayer the temporary organization took charge of the convention and Temporary Chairman Ulrich Sloan sounded the keynote in part as follows:

Gentlemen of the Ohio Democratic State Convention—The people of Ohio, and indeed the Union, are to be congratulated upon this large assembly; for it is a convention of representatives of the whole people, the masses, and not of "bosses," of trusts, of syndicates, or of the hired tools of the despotism of Wall and Lombard streets.

# EVERYBODY



Should take advantage of our Special Sale of Bicycle Footwear this week

—AT—

# GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

Prices lower than ever.



## A TILT WITH TILLMAN.

The South Carolina Statesman Attacks Cleveland.

## VARIATION IN THE TARIFF.

During an Earnest Speech on the Depressed Condition of Labor Mr. Chandler Draws the Volatile Member Out.

Washington, June 30.—After tedious consideration of the tariff bill throughout the day the senate wound up with a half hour of lively and amusing colloquy between Senators Tillman of South Carolina and Chandler of New Hampshire.

The former had proposed an amendment to the tariff bill providing a \$100 a head tax on immigrants and a restriction against all those not coming to the United States to become citizens.

Mr. Tillman made an earnest speech on the depressed condition of labor, but he was soon diverted from his theme by Mr. Chandler. The latter, adopting a style of mock gravity, directed the discussion toward Mr. Cleveland's administration.

This in time brought from Mr. Tillman a vehement criticism of the late president, while Mr. Chandler drolly protested against these assaults on Mr. Cleveland by a member of his own party.

When the fun had been fast and furious for some time the Tillman amendments were defeated—yeas, 3; nays, 48—the three affirmative votes being cast by Messrs. Butler, Quay and Tillman.

During the day the senate disposed of the lead paragraphs, the committee rate of 1½ cents per pound on lead ore being agreed to—30 to 23. The other paragraphs considered were of comparatively minor importance.

## CORBETT CASE.

The Oregon Senator's Appointment by the Governor is Valid.

Washington, June 30.—The report prepared by Senator Hoar in the case of H. W. Corbett, claiming a seat from Oregon by appointment of the governor, has been printed for the use of the committee. After reviewing the situation in the Oregon legislature the report continues:

"It is clear, whatever may have been the nature of the organization of the legislature, that it had dispersed and come to an end before March 3, 1897, when the vacancy in the office of senator took place by the limit of the term to which Mr. Mitchell had been chosen and which he had held for six years. Any choice or appointment made after that time must be a choice or appointment for less than six years."

"It is well settled by a practice which has existed from the foundation of the government that vacancies so occurring after the beginning of a constitutional term may be filled by the legislature. If that be true they may be filled by the executive board of the state during the recess of the legislature. The legislature is only authorized by the constitution to fill such vacancies as might be filled by the executive by temporary appointment until the next meeting of the legislature."

"So, if the executive have no power, the legislature has no power. The executive may lawfully make a temporary appointment, and the legislature fill that vacancy when it assembles."

## Monongahela River Decision.

Washington, June 30.—Attorney General McKenna rendered an opinion upon the Monongahela river question, which was asked for by the secretary of war. He decided that the title is clear and that the condemnation proceedings heretofore had been valid. The acquiring of the locks and dams in the Monongahela river was provided for in the last river and harbor bill, and under its terms there have been condemnation proceedings. The condemnation has been made and has not been appealed from. The decision of the attorney general removes all existing legal complications, and the only thing remaining to secure free navigation of the Monongahela river is for the payment to the Monongahela River Navigation company of the amount judged to be due by the commissioners making the condemnation proceedings.

## News of Indian Outbreak.

Washington, June 30.—The news of the outbreak of the Indians from the Fort Hall reservation came in dispatches from the governor of Idaho. He telegraphed Secretary Bliss and wired urgent messages to Senator Heitfeld. Senators Heitfeld and Shoup immediately went to the interior department, where they called attention to the situation, and the dispatches also were promptly forwarded to the secretary of war. Secretary Bliss carried the telegrams to the cabinet meeting, where they were discussed. A formal communication also was made to the secretary of war asking that orders be issued for whatever military assistance may be necessary to aid the agent, F. G. Irwin, United States army, in preserving order.

## Ex-Queen Lai Interested.

Washington, June 30.—Ex-Queen Liliuokalani of the Hawaiian Islands spent some time in the private gallery of the senate accompanied by three members of her suite. She first appeared in the senate marble room and sent her card to Senator Perkins of California, who after exchanging a few words with her and introducing her to many of his colleagues escorted her to the gallery where she took a front seat

and appeared to be an interested listener to the debate on lead ore.

## With Visit to Mother.

Washington, June 30.—The president definitely decided to go to his old home at Canton, O., on Friday to visit his mother for a few days. Mrs. McKinley, Miss Mabel McKinley and probably Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Day will accompany him. They will leave here on the regular train over the Pennsylvania railroad Friday evening at 7:10 o'clock, arriving in Canton at 10:30 Saturday morning. They will remain over the Fourth and return Monday or Tuesday evening.

## Indiana May Have to Be Killed.

Washington, June 30.—Three hundred Badcock Indians have broken away from the Fort Hall reservation, to Idaho, and their actions have alarmed the settlers in the adjacent territory. Governor Steunenberg has been appealed to for protection, and he has telegraphed the Washington authorities for assistance. The war department has been called upon for troops to go to the scene.

## Pension Bills Reported.

Washington, June 30.—Several hundred pension bills were reported to the senate as the result of the first meeting of the pension committee since the present congress assembled. Mr. Gallinger (N. H.), chairman of the committee, stated that it had been decided to report favorably all those bills which had formerly passed either branch of congress or had been favorably considered in committee.

## Feculent Cases of Blindness.

Washington, June 30.—The Indian agent at the La Pointe agency in Wisconsin has reported two singular cases of blindness on the Vermilion lake reservation. The victims were John Sky and Red Otter. They got intoxicated by drinking essence of peppermint as a substitute for whisky, one taking almost ten ounces clear, and in each case blindness followed within a few hours.

## After the Trusts.

Washington, June 30.—The Republican members of the senate committee on judiciary practically agreed upon an amendment making it an offense punishable by fine and imprisonment for any person or corporation to monopolize or to conspire with any other person or corporation to monopolize the trade in any article protected by the tariff bill.

## Chinese Turn a Trick.

Washington, June 30.—Information has reached the treasury department that large numbers of Chinese admitted into this country as participants in the Tennessee exposition are clandestinely leaving Nashville for San Francisco, St. Louis, New York and other cities, thus evading the spirit and letter of the law authorizing their admission.

## Tom Ochiltree Ill.

Washington, June 30.—Colonel Tom Ochiltree of Texas, who became a national character a few years ago, has been dangerously ill at Chamberlain's hotel in this city for three months, affected with an organic disease.

## ON THE DIAMOND.

Winners and Losers in the Great National Game—The Standing.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.	C.	CLUB	W.	L.	P.	C.
Brooklyn	39	14	735	Pitts.	26	26	500		
Baltimore	32	17	673	Phila.	27	29	482		
Cincinnati	32	17	663	Wash.	21	31	408		
St. Louis	32	17	634	Louis.	19	32	372		
Brook.	26	27	430	Chi.	20	34	370		
Cleve.	26	27	490	St. L.	11	42	175		

## National League.

AT CHICAGO.—R. H. E. Chicago 3 17 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 36 32 2 1  
 Louisville 0 0 1 0 3 0 1 0 0 7 14 4  
 Batteries—Callahan and Donahue; Frazer and Butler. Umpire—Sheridan.

## AT CLEVELAND.—R. H. E.

Cleveland 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 7 4  
 Pittsburgh 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 9 9 0  
 Batteries—Clark and Griger; Hawley and Merritt. Umpire—McDermott.

## AT BOSTON.—R. H. E.

Boston 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 1 1 11 0  
 Brooklyn 1 0 0 2 0 3 0 1 0 7 11 5  
 Batteries—Nichols, Klobedanz and Yeager; Kennedy and Smith. Umpire—Lynch.

## AT PHILADELPHIA.—R. H. E.

Philadelphia 1 0 0 1 3 3 1 1 10 14 2  
 Washington 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 12 9  
 Batteries—Orth and Boyle; Swain and McGuire. Umpire—Emble.

## AT NEW YORK.—R. H. E.

New York 0 0 0 2 1 4 0 0 8 11 2  
 Baltimore 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 6 2 6 1  
 Batteries—McGinn and Wilson; Hoffer and Bowerman. Umpire—McDonald and O'Day.

## Postponed.

St. Louis, June 30.—Rain stopped the game between Cincinnati and St. Louis in the third inning. The score stood 4 to 2 in favor of St. Louis.

## Western League.

CLUB W. L. P. C. CLUB W. L. P. C.  
 Columbus 37 17 665 Detroit 26 32 448  
 Indpls. 36 18 696 G. Rapids 21 37 362  
 St. P. 30 21 635 K. C. 20 32 322  
 Milwau. 25 25 583 Milwaukee 18 41 305

## At Columbus—No game; rain.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 17; Kansas City, 6.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Indianapolis, 7.

At Minneapolis—St. Paul, 8; Minneapolis, 2.

## Interstate League.

CLUB W. L. P. C. CLUB W. L. P. C.  
 Newcas. 30 16 711 Fort W. 25 28 470  
 Toledo 36 21 632 Mans. 21 31 364  
 Dayton 31 24 567 Wheel. 19 35 352  
 Youngs. 27 25 519 Springfield 17 35 328

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 3; Fort Wayne, 4.

At New Castle—New Castle, 5; Dayton, 1.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 13; Springfield, 2.

Turf Winners.

At Buffalo—Collateral, Louie, Canet, Floral Park, Ocean Blue, Nellie Hand.

At Cincinnati—Old Law, Little Buck, Mill Stream, Cavalier, Lord Zee, Bob Keeley.

At St. Louis—Innamator, Wilson, Gold Top, Florida, Over Bishop, Cappy.

At Chicago—Cochine, Little Miles, Bonita, Dr. G. Senator Quay.

At New York—Colonial Dame, Grass, Varus, Buddha, Cloghlin, Sun Up.

The Weather.

For West Virginia—Fair; warmer; southerly winds.

For Ohio and Indiana—Fair; light to fresh southwesterly winds, diminishing.

## No Grip

When you take Hood's Pills, the big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it.

## Hood's Pills

It is true, as Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists in the C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## GOVERNORS' PAY.

From \$1,500 to \$10,000 is the Range of Their Salaries.

Three states of the 45 pay \$10,000 a year each to their chief executives, or \$2,000 more than is paid a cabinet officer. These three states are New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. All three states have increased the compensation of their governors within recent years. Until the present constitution was amended some years ago the salary of the governor of New York was \$4,000, and the governors of Pennsylvania and New Jersey received \$5,000 each. At the same time the governor of Nevada received \$6,000 and the governor of Louisiana \$8,000.

In recent years there has been an attempt at adjustment of the salaries of many governors so that these may conform as far as possible to the importance of the duties of the office. The governor of Massachusetts, for whose office there is an election each year, formerly received \$5,000 salary and now gets \$8,000. The governor of Louisiana, for whose office there is an election every fourth year, formerly received \$8,000 and now gets \$4,000. The governor of Indiana gets \$5,000 a year for a four years' term, or \$20,000. The governor of Ohio gets \$8,000 a year for a two years' term. Connecticut pays her governor \$4,000, and little Rhode Island pays \$3,000.

The New England states of the north border are not very liberal in the compensation of their governors. The governor of Maine gets \$3,500 a year. The governor of New Hampshire receives \$2,000, and formerly got only \$1,000. The governor of Vermont has \$1,500 a year. Now \$1,500 is not a large salary for the governor of a sovereign American state, but it is as much as Vermont pays or Oregon either. But the governor of Oregon has a four years' term, whereas the governor of Vermont has a term of only two years. It has never been established officially what, on a certain memorable occasion, the governor of North Carolina said to the governor of South Carolina. It is supposed by many persons that this mysterious allusion bore some reference to liquid intoxicants, but a more probable explanation of the conversation is, perhaps, to be found in the fact that the governor of North Carolina, one of the oldest and largest of the original states, gets only \$3,000 salary, while the governor of South Carolina, a smaller and less important commonwealth, receives \$3,500. The governor of Georgia receives \$3,000; the governor of Florida, \$3,500. Michigan pays a governor \$4,000; Montana, a state of much smaller population, \$6,000. In Kentucky the rate is \$6,500; in Missouri, \$5,000; in Nebraska, \$4,000; in Kansas, \$3,000. Maryland pays \$4,500; Texas, \$4,000; Idaho, \$3,000; West Virginia, \$2,700. Delaware and Utah have the same standard of compensation for their governors, \$2,500. The governor of Alabama receives the same salary as the governor of Alaska, \$3,000. Wisconsin pays \$2,500 and Colorado \$2,000.—New York Sun.

## Not the Stomach's Fault.

"Doctor," said the patient, "I believe there is something wrong with my stomach."

"Not a bit," replied the medical man very promptly. "God made your stomach, and he knows how to make them. There's something wrong with the stuff you put in it, maybe, and something wrong in the way you stuff it in and stamp it down, but your stomach itself is all right."

And then the patient immediately went out to find a physician who understood his business.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

## Light Restor-L.

"There are many more women living than I used to think."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. Before I married I used to think my wife was the only woman in the world."—Columbus (O.) Journal.

Every Chinese implement has its deity. There is a god of knives, another of spades, another of hatchets, another of swords. Every kind of animal has its deity.

## DEWEYVILLE, OHIO, May 28, 1897.

I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for impure blood which caused a sore mouth. I took various kinds of medicine without much benefit. I was so that I could not talk or eat, but after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla my mouth was cured, and I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best of blood purifiers. Mrs. Charles Shuler.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

## Catarrh, Hay Fever.

Kill the Catarrh microbe and you cure Catarrh. These parasites nest deep in the catarrh tissues and folds of the olfactory membrane, and are difficult to reach and kill; but Brazilian Catarrh will utterly destroy them if used persistently.

As directed. It also destroys the Hay Fever germ in a few days. Use full strength, or nearly so, for Hay Fever. Cure permanent.

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## FINAL REPORT.

Special Master Morrill Completes His Work on Whisky Trust.

Cincinnati, June 30.—Judge Taft did a large amount of business toward the settlement of the affairs of the whisky trust in the United States court.

Special Master Henry A. Morrill filed his final report, which was confirmed by the court, and Morrill was discharged from his office. Morrill had been appointed in March, 1895. He had adjudicated 336 claims, which aggregated \$225,000.

Judge Taft ordered Receiver McNulta to pay Morrill \$4,000 for services and \$446.30 for expenses. Receiver McNulta objected to the payment of the claims of Maddox, Hobart & Company of Cincinnati for \$29,593.55, and it will be settled in court.

## Debs' Scheme Not Abandoned.

Milwaukee, June 30.—The Debs colonization scheme has not been abandoned, as has been reported. Victor L. Berger, editor of The Vorwarts of this city, who attended the conference of the leaders of the Social Democracy at Chicago recently, says the whole matter has been misunderstood. He says it is the intention of the Social Democracy all over the country to go on organizing in the hope that eventually they will get into power and revolutionize the social system of the United States. Meanwhile, as fast as they get means, they intend to send unemployed people from the cities to a point in the west still to be selected, when they may have a chance to make a livelihood.

## Filed to Hear It.

New York, June 30.—The telegram from London giving the substance of an article to appear in The National Review to the effect that the United States monetary commission, of which Senator Wolcott of Colorado, is the head, had met with gratifying success in France, and stating positively that England would reopen its Indian mints and otherwise contribute to an extended use of silver, was read with interest by government officials.

## Western Writers.

Eagle Lake, Ind., June 30.—The Western Writers' association held its first formal meeting at 9 a. m. Governor James A. Mount was elected a member of the association. A very fine program was rendered, consisting of poems, papers and music. President W. P. Fishback discoursed ably upon "Style" at the evening session. There were many new arrivals.

## A Clew From Baltimore.

Baltimore, June 30.—A statement made here may help to establish the identity of the mutilated body found on Saturday last in the East river. A young German Hebrew called S. Weinkrantz and residing at 909 East Baltimore street, says that from information he has received he believes the headless trunk to be that of his uncle, also called S. Weinkrantz.

## Dr. Conaty Elevated.

New York, June 30.—The rector of the Roman Catholic university at Washington, Dr. Thomas A. Conaty, has been elevated by Pope Leo XIII. The distinguished theologian is now Mgr. Conaty, domestic prelate to the holy see, with the title of right reverend.

## MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For June 29.

New York.  
 Beef—Family, \$9 00/30 00; extra mess, \$7 50/85 00; packed, \$8 50/9 00. Cut meats—Picked bellies, \$34 00/35 00; pickled shoulders, \$24 00/25 00; pickled hams, \$24 00/25 00. Western steam, \$4 25. Pork—Old mess, \$8 25/88 75.

Butter—Western dairy, 11/15; creamery, 11/15; do. factory, 10/15. Cheese—State large, \$24 00/25 00; small, 17/18; part skims, 46/50; full skims, 25/30. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 12/12; western fresh, 10/11 1/2. Wheat—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 36c. Rye—37c. Oats—22 1/2c.

Pittsburg.  
 Cattle—Prime cattle, \$4 90/53 00; good, \$4 00/47 75; tidy butchers, \$4 30/43 55; fair, \$4 00/42 20; common, \$3 40/38 75; bulls, stags and cows, \$2 00/25 50; heifers, \$3 00/41 10; oxen, \$2 00/28 80.

Hogs—Prime medium, light Yorkers and pigs, \$3 75/38 80; common to fair Yorkers, \$3 00/35 75; heavy, \$3 00/38 00; roughs, \$2 35 10/30.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, choice, \$4 00/41 10; good, \$3 80/39 00; fair, \$3 40/37 75; common, \$2 75/32 25; yearlings, \$3 00/42 25; spring lambs, \$4 00/45 00.

Calves—\$6 00/66 50.

## Buffalo.

Cattle—Market 10 1/2c higher and a shade stronger.  
 Hogs—Yorkers and pigs, \$3 80/38 55; medium and heavy, \$3 70.

Sheep and Lambs—Spring lambs, \$3 25/35 50; few extra, \$5 00; yearlings, \$4 25/47 75; extra quotable at \$5 00; sheep, \$3 75/34 00; export grades, \$4 25/44 50.

Calves—A few extra, \$6 00; bulk, \$5 25/56 75.

## Chicago.

Hogs—Light, \$3 45/34 25; mixed, \$3 45/34 50; heavy, \$3 20/33 75; rough, \$3 20/33 25.

Cattle—Beef, \$3 80/38 50; cows and heifers, \$1 75/4 25; Texas steers, \$2 80/4 25; stockers and feeders, \$3 25/4 30.

Sheep—Woolly, \$3 75/38 00.

Wheat—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 36c. Corn—No. 2, 25c; No. 3, 24c. Rye—37c.

Lard—\$3 55. Bulk meats—\$4 40/42 50. Bacon—\$5 30/5 35.

Hogs—\$3 00/35 60. Cattle—\$2 25/42 25. Sheep—\$2 00/33 50. Lambs—\$3 75/45 00.

## Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers and lights, \$3 70; mediums and heavies, \$3 60; stags and roughs, \$2 25/33 00.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$2 50/33 50; lambs, \$2 50/34 75.

Cattle—Steers, \$3 75/44 50; heifers, \$3 00/42 00; cows and bulls, \$2 00/33 00.

Honors.

Ohio Steers: X and above, 19c; No. 1 coming, 23c; No. 2 coming, 18c; XX above, 22c; decline, 22 1/2c.

Baltimore.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 16c. Eggs—Fresh, 10c.

Toledo.

Wheat—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 36c.

**Woman's Best Friend—Dirt's Worst Enemy.**

Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,  
 Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

**Brazilian Balm**

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM!

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

**CATARRH!**

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and drooping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

**HAY FEVER.**

making a perfect cure in a



## SEE HIM AS HE IS

A great change in the life of a Lima citizen as told by himself.

Many of our citizens are interested in the public statement made here by a Lima citizen. Our representative called on Mr. J. N. Mummaugh at his place of residence No. 124 Harrison st. and investigation of the circumstances proves that they are correct in every particular. Why, says Mr. Mummaugh, a testimonial could not be written for the cure of kidney complaints so strong in favor of Doan's Kidney Pills that I would not sign it. I cannot find words to express my satisfaction and gratitude to them for curing me after years of suffering. No one, judging from my age or appearance, no one can form an idea of what I went through. I know what it is to suffer from lameness in the back grinding, gnawing, aching in my kidneys, sleepless nights, tossing and turning and only doing from utter exhaustion. I have had to urinate every ten minutes and at times I could void not more than a drop or two after the greatest effort. I have had most distressing pains in my head and dizzy that equalled lameness.

Doan's Kidney Pills are the very best medicine that I have ever taken. Immediately I procured them from W. M. Melville, druggist, No. 147 N. Main St. I took them in far larger doses than is prescribed and returned very early in the evening. I never opened my eyes until broad daylight the next morning. I told the boys in the car shops that I had had my first night's sleep in three months and it was positively true. From that on I improved rapidly. I tell you now, I am now, I tell you I cannot say enough for Doan's Kidney Pills for they are the only medicine that gave me relief from my suffering. After saying that it is useless to ask me if I would recommend them for kidney trouble.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by a dealers sent by mail on receipt of price, six per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

## LOCAL TIME CARD

Living time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima, Ohio, Tuesday, June 26, 1907.

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## The Lima Times-Democrat

CURRENT CIRCULATION IN LIMA  
 Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

Office—Times Building,  
 No. 131 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
 Telephone Call, No. 14.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHED BY

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every morning except Sunday and will be delivered to subscribers free of charge.

One copy one year, in advance, \$5.00  
 Six months, in advance, 2.50  
 By carrier, per week, 10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collectors will call on you and make you comfortable. All subscription notices must be paid promptly.

The Times-Democrat has the largest circulation of any paper in Lima, Ohio. It contains the latest news from all parts of the world. It is published every morning except Sunday and will be delivered to subscribers free of charge.

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One of the most remarkable sermons ever heard in any pulpit in America was that of Rev. Herbert N. Cassin, delivered in Lynn, Mass., last Sunday, in which he denounced Mark Hanna in the strongest kind of terms. This ecclesiastic in his sermon said:

"The present question is not which reform shall come first, but whether we shall have any reform at all. We are at present a defeated, thrashed, thrown-down nation of peasants. We have no longer a social problem; it is now a struggle for life. The political question is not how to teach the people to vote right, but how to get their votes counted when they do vote right. No impartial man can doubt that Bryan was

THE REAL CHOICE of the American people. The industrial question at present is not how to get the full reward of your labor, but how to get any kind of a job. Millions are struggling, not for money, but just to keep what they have; not to get homes of their own, but to escape the poorhouse and the jail.

"The terrible question now is not what is the best legislation to work for, but whether legislative reform is possible, so long as monopolies exist. If we pass a city law in favor of the masses it is voted by the state; if we capture the state we are undone by congress and the senate, and towering above all, stands the President and the omnipotent supreme court.

"Every department of government is now controlled by Mark Hanna. The man who was only a nightmare a year ago is now a horrid fact. The most famous labor crusher in the country is in power. Everything

YIELDS TO HIS WHIP. He is master of a rabbit congress, a groundhog senate and a sawdust president. The king-maker and the slave-maker has himself become the government. I do not denounce him as an individual; he is the incarnation of monopoly.

"What does this new 'social democracy' of Chicago mean? It means that the people are being driven back to barbarism. The bees have made the honey, and now they are voluntarily leaving the hive and striking for the woods to 'better their condition.' Siberia has become a social idea to the American unemployed.

"The dry rot of degeneracy has begun in this republic. In this fair month of June, when all the birds are married and all the flowers are blooming, young men and young women are committing suicide and staining the green grass with their blood.

"Every newspaper is a record of murder and disaster and death. Every day there are hold-ups and assassinations, and hellish assaults on little girls. Surely then, this is no time for private squabbles and hair splitting and moral laxities.

"If you have suffered a personal wrong, think of the nation's wrongs and forget your own. If you have a private affliction, sink it in the sorrows of the race.

"The last ecclesiastic shall bury the last monopolist; and Pierpont Morgan shall be regarded as we today regard Kidd or Jesse James. There'll come a time some day when this shall come to pass. The war between the money power and the people will seem as unreal as the war between the first settlers and the Indians.

"Conservatives will declare that everybody knew monopolies would have to be taken by the people; and little children will listen with horror and amazement to their grandfathers' stories about these savage times."

Lost Ore Chute Found. Aspen, Colo., June 30.—At a depth of 1,000 feet a body of metallic ore that runs 24 ounces of silver has been struck in the Mollie Gibson mine. It is believed that the lost ore chute has been recovered. This discovery is what caused Mollie Gibson stock to advance 20 cents a share.

Railroad Commissioner Restrained. Omaha, June 30.—Judge Carlan of the South Dakota district of the United States court has issued an order restraining the railroad commission of the state from attempting to put into effect the maximum rate law established by the late legislature of South Dakota.

The Bandits Surrender. Deadwood, S. D., June 30.—The posse in pursuit of the Belle Fourche bank robbers succeeded in surrounding them on the Three V ranch, 15 miles west from Belle Fourche. After exchanging many shots the bandits surrendered.

The Liberty Party Meets. Lincoln, Neb., June 30.—The state convention of the Liberty party (free silver prohibitionists) began here with delegates present from 15 counties. J. B. Forbes of Harrison was elected temporary chairman.

Victims of Shipwreck. Victoria, B. C., June 30.—The well known sailing schooner Agnes McDonald, Captain Outley, the greyhound of the Victoria fleet, was wrecked off the coast of Japan. All the crew and 489 skins were saved.

Rev. Gunsalus Afflicted. Columbus, O., June 30.—Rev. Frank W. Gunsalus, formerly of this city but now of Chicago, has been taken to the sanitarium at Alma, Mich., for mental rest.

Free Silver Going Ahead. New York, June 30.—The steamship City of Paris will take out 720,000 ounces of silver.

## TO THE PAUPER BASIS.

That Is the Level to Which Wages Must Sink.

## UNDER THE PRESENT CONDITIONS.

European Standard of Value Means European Wages. A Gold Paper Admits That the Tariff Measure Cannot Undo the Work of the Gold Standard.

In a recent issue the Springfield (Mass.) Republican printed an interesting article, which is in the nature of a commentary on some remarks made by the financial editor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin as to the drift and tendency of business and trade.

Now, the Boston Commercial Bulletin is a high tariff, gold standard paper, while the Springfield Republican is a free trade, gold standard paper. The Commercial Bulletin believes thoroughly in the gold standard, while the Springfield Republican has its doubts about it, favoring it, but occasionally lifting the curtain to give its readers a glimpse of the sordid greed that insists on the gold standard, and its editor seems thoroughly to understand that the single gold standard has not a single substantial argument behind it. Nevertheless he approves it.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin is printed right in the heart of the high tariff region, and yet it practically admits that the Republican tariff measure will fall to pieces when it undertakes to undo the work of the gold standard. In Wall street and in some of the Wall street newspapers there is a constant effort to deceive the public into the belief that prosperity is about to materialize. When some stock that is not worth, as an investment, the paper on which it is written jumps up, the claim is at once made that prosperity is coming with big strides. When the stock jumps down, it is said to be the result of a war scare that doesn't exist.

And yet, as the Republican says, "there has been much sobering down to the facts of the industrial situation, and it is likely to continue." The Boston Commercial Bulletin, true tariff believer that it is, says that all the symptoms go to show that wages in this country are slowly but surely "getting down to the European basis." And it adds that this decline in wages (under the gold standard) is "inevitable." The parentheses are ours.

Then the Bulletin goes on to remark that "it looks as though the days when this country could be called an undeveloped land have passed." Think of that! All our vast wealth of land, all our immense mineral resources, all our possible industrial improvement, are to be counted as nothing—to remain as though they did not exist. The remarks we have quoted from the Bulletin, with their full interpretation understood, fall on the ear like the ravings of an insane person, and yet every word we have quoted is literally true; provided the people get no relief from the single gold standard.

How many weary months ago was it that the Constitution told its readers that if we had the European standard of value we must inevitably have the European standard of wages? The two are inseparable. We warned the workmen of the country during the last campaign that they were voting for pauper wages for those that could find employment at all and voting into idleness thousands upon thousands of honest men and women; and yet they formed McKinley clubs and howled for high tariff and knelt to Hanna and went marching gayly to their undoing. No such horrible spectacle has been seen since the English prohibited the festivals of Juggernaut in India, preferring to sacrifice the natives in their own way.

Well, the American workmen sacrificed their interests to the international gold syndicate and did it with their eyes open. They would not listen to the truth: They closed their ears to it and went marching, with yellow badges and yellow umbrellas, to vote their wages down to the European basis—down to the pauper basis.

And now one of the ablest of the Republican organs, one of the strongest believers in the efficacy of a high tariff, announces that American workmen must prepare their minds to submit to the European basis of pauper wages. And the able Republican organ is right. If we are to have the European money standard, we must accept the results which that standard makes inevitable.

It is a significant fact that while the editor of the Springfield Republican was writing his comments on the Boston paper's article Mr. McKinley was in Philadelphia making a speech, advising his hearers not to be pessimistic and placidly bidding them to be of good cheer for the tariff bill, the great restorer of prosperity, was on his way to completion. We have no doubt that Mr. McKinley really believes what he says, for there are minds so constructed that nothing short of an earthquake can convince them that a seismic disturbance is possible.

As a matter of fact, the tariff measure will have no more effect on the wages of the workers than the tariff measure turned loose at a circus. Under the gold standard prices will continue to fall until they reach the level of the pauper wages of Europe, but when that happens we hope the people of this country will decide to abolish the gold standard and substitute therefor the joint standard of gold and silver.—Atlanta Constitution.

Will Throw Machines Away. Topeka, June 30.—J. S. Parks' state printer-elect, announces that the use of type-setting machines will be abolished in the state printing office, with the glazing of his administration.

## THE "CREDIT MAN'S" WORK

How Business Men Protect Themselves Against Loss.

The functions of a credit man are not generally known to the public, but he is in many respects the most important person employed by a mercantile concern. Briefly, he is supposed to be informed regarding the commercial standing of every firm or individual with whom his own house has any dealings, and the firm for which he works has the exclusive benefit of his investigations, his knowledge and his experience. It does not trust to him alone, of course, because in the case of a large house there would be rather more than he could attend to. The regular mercantile agencies are depended upon for a certain amount of information, usually that which concerns the oldest and richest corporations, about whose solvency there is commonly no question. The credit man may, however, if his employers suspect a necessity for it, be called upon to probe still further than the regular agencies go, in order to make assurance doubly sure.

When a would be buyer from some remote part of the country presents himself to a firm to which he is entirely unknown, he is introduced at once to the credit man. The latter receives whatever credentials the stranger has to offer, and if he is satisfied that the house will run no risk in selling to him he states the fact, and his judgment is accepted.

Various considerations determine the amount of security which a new customer is required to show, and not infrequently it is stipulated that he shall have a real estate backing which is known to be responsible. The credit man also figures out at once the largest amount of credit which can be granted to the new buyer, this being determined according to the figure at which he is rated.

Subsequently, as he runs up bills for goods, they all pass under the credit man's watchful eye, and if it is found that the customer is close upon his credit limit the last purchase is often held until it is proved to a certainty that its delivery will entail no loss to the firm. This process of keeping track of every buyer's limit imposes a never ending task upon the credit man, and it is one which requires delicate handling too. While great caution is necessary, there must be as few needless suspicions as possible, for these are often the means of driving away perfectly trustworthy customers, who feel themselves insulted by the reflection upon their financial methods.

In cases where there is ground for believing that a customer will bear watching, the credit man's investigations are very thorough. He inquires as to the private affairs of the buyer in question, finds out as nearly as possible the amount of his income and how his money is invested and keeps an eye as well upon the way in which he lives and spends. With every precaution, however, there are many losses, and it is the business of the annual convention of credit men to discover better ways each year of protecting mercantile interests.—New York Tribune.

## The Church of England.

From the Year Book just issued by the church of England it appears that the income which comes to it from property owned, ancient endowments and regular government grants amounts annually to something over \$5,750,000, yet the expense of the church amounted last year to more than twice that sum, the difference having been made up by voluntary contributions. In commenting on this state of affairs, one of the London papers says: "Thus we see that even now the income which the church draws from her own property is only about half what she requires, while it is notorious that many of her clergy are still miserably underpaid and that in some large cities her resources are quite unequal to the demands made upon them. To suppose that in the case of disendowment another \$5,000,000 would be at once forthcoming from private contributions is little less than absurd. Much of what is given to the church now is given to her just because she is what she is, the established church of the nation, with the respectability and prestige which she would no longer possess if disestablished." Here is a tall tale until one remembers that churches unaided by the state get along quite well in England as elsewhere, though their supporters are forced to contribute also to the revenues of the establishment.—New York Times.

## A Mean Speech.

"Martha, listen! There's a new machine in vogue that records the action of the brain."

"Well, you needn't fool any more, my dear one. It won't earn its salt."—Detroit Free Press.

## LADIES, LOOK HERE!

## OUR GREAT BARGAIN SALE.

I will give the greatest sale on everything in the store this week ever given in Lima. All new, fresh goods, the very latest styles, but must reduce the stock.

## Trimmed Hats, Bonnets, Baby Caps, Wrappers,

Ribbons, Shirt Waists in silk and wash goods, and all the newest things in Dress Skirts and Underskirts, White Skirts, Muslin Underwear, Knit Underwear,

## Corsets, Kid Gloves, Silk Mitts, Hosiery, Belts, Shirt Waist Sets,

In fact, everything a lady wears outside of Dress Goods and Shoes. No lady should miss this sale who wants a new hat or is in need of anything in Ladies' Furnishing Goods. Come early and get first choice.

## MRS. F. LIGHT

134 NORTH MAIN STREET.

## THE USEFUL GIRAFFE.

Employed to Get Down Balls That Had Lodged in the Roof Gutter.

"Good natured?" said the old circus man. "Why, the best in the world. When the old man's boy used to get a baseball lodged in a gutter at the eaves of the house—this was when we were off the road in winter quarters—he never used to get out at the scuttle and climb down the roof and take the risk of falling off and breaking his neck to get it. He used to go to the barn and get out the giraffe. The old 18 footer would trot along after the boy—he knew what was wanted—till they came to the house and then walk along the side looking down into the gutter as he went until he came to the ball, and then he would pick it up and bend his head down and give it to the boy.

"One day when the youngster had thrown a ball up on the roof and had seen it roll down into the gutter he went as usual after the giraffe. When the giraffe looked along the gutter that day, there was no ball there. He took his nose out of the gutter and looked down at the boy in the yard with a large interrogation mark in each eye as much as to say:

"Sure it didn't roll off somewhere?" "And the boy said 'Sure,' and then the giraffe looked again, but it wasn't there, and the giraffe so reported, with a solemn shake of the head, and was driven back to the barn.

"They wondered about this, for it was the first time the giraffe had ever failed to get the ball, and they knew it must be there, but it was soon explained. A day or two later there came a big rainstorm. Instead of running a big noisy stream as usual the tin water pipe from the roof ran just a little bit of a stream, and the water that should have run off in that way overflowed the gutters and dripped in a thin sheet against the side of the house. Then they knew why the giraffe couldn't find the ball. It had rolled down the water pipe."—New York Sun.

## Not to Be Unkind.

The president of one of the leading eastern colleges was recently journeying toward New York and found himself in the same seat with an old man whose general appearance betokened the farmer. They soon fell into conversation, and after saying that he was on his first visit to the metropolis the farmer mentioned the name of the little village up among the hills of New Hampshire from which he came and related that he had been there for many years. "Oh, yes," said the man. "I was born there." "Imagine his face," said the president, "after staring at him several seconds, exclaimed, 'See here, I've heard all about you bank fellows, and you can't get a chance to bunk me.'" So saying, he grabbed his carpetbag and, marching down the aisle, took a seat on the other side of the car.—New York Times.

## Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as an administrator in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Mary E. Stall, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against them, only authentic copies of vouchers for same, will be received. W. H. DUFFIELD, Administrator. Of Mary E. Stall. 6-30-97

Lima, O., 6, 30, 97.

## Attention

## Oil Men!

## HOW TO SAVE TIME. ON DRILLING WELLS!

You must know there is a big loss of power from your belts slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING on your belts.

Read what those drillers say: INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 20, '97. Your Dressing is just the thing; it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "DAISY" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours, GILCHRIST & GOLDRICH.

We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it.

Write us for a can of it.

## PHENIX OIL CO.,

Columbus, Ohio.

## ICE!

Having been favored with your patronage during past seasons, permit us to return you our thanks for the same. Our ICE for the coming season is of the finest quality produced from pure spring water—pumped direct from the wells—and again thanking you for past favors,

We Respectfully Solicit the Continuance of Your Patronage for the Coming Season.

Respectfully yours,

## WILLIAM PUGH.

1111 Orders Promptly Filled.

Telephone 31, Old or New.

8-25 am Office 507 East High Street

## Do You Want Employment?

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY?

...and so on, giving you all the work you want, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address

## The Hawks Nursery Co.

26-4 Rochester, N. Y.

## For Sale or Exchange.

Elegant Three-Story Brick Residence Located northeast corner of Market and West streets; must be sold or exchanged within the next 30 days. Reason for selling we expect to leave Lima. The location is a number one for a first-class hotel; house suitable for two families; house heated with \$1,000 hot water furnace, and all modern improvements. 6 x 12. A. E. and W. C. TIERNEY.

## NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber Shop. Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting. Special room for ladies' hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.



# CRASH SUITS!

## \$2.75.

Summer Coats and Vests!

50c and Upward.

—AT—

# THE MAMMOTH.

LAND

# FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION!

A Old Fashioned Celebration By

## THE ROSE CONGREGATION

MONDAY, JULY 5th. '97

—AT—

# AIR GROUNDS,

## LIMA, OHIO,

### RACES,

USE, BICYCLE AND FOOT. BALL GAME

and other amusements, speaking, singing and excellent music.

Dinner, ice cream and refreshments on the ground.

### AN ALLEGED LIMA MAN

by Tramps Near Ft. Wayne—

His Wife Appeals for Help

Geo. Becker, a Lima woman, from Ft. Wayne to Lima, says she was stopped at the station last night. Her husband was a scissor grinder and was d and murdered by tramps near Wayne, last week. She went to city, identified the body as that of her husband, attended the funeral, being without funds, started to Lima, the township trustees are along. She owns a small property in Lima that she is trying to retain. She was ticketed from here.

D. B. Rothrock, of New Berlin does not hesitate to recommend certain medicines. He says he has handled them for a year or so in my pharmacy and find them reliable. My customers are very highly. No one is troubled with rheumatism use Chamberlain's Pain Balm out praising it. The quick relief from pain which it affords is worth many times its cost. For my Melville, the druggist, old office corner, C. W. Heister, 58 c square.

Is Presented by Y. M. C. A. Last Evening

spite of the very oppressive heat last evening, the association was filled to its utmost capacity. programme must have been in- ing, as everybody retained seats. o first number on the programme a reading by Miss Robinson, a pleased everybody. solo of the evening was sung by Louise Davis, with a great of confidence, and pleasure to audience. Thompson's recitation of "Athletics in an American" was very appropriate and needs marks upon. "What Has a Science of Physical Culture Done?" by Master Barry E. Town- was quite enjoyable as well as active. H. Gray spoke from the busi- men's standpoint; Rev. I. J. r, from a minister's; with Dr. from a physician's, which were ry helpful.

A Harriet Altschul, 2222 1/2 in Bar Vinton, at 2222 1/2 try to pass any favorable sent upon such an artist. at 2222 1/2 Holmes presented nine is to their respective friends.

who are as follows: Harry Townsend, Hugh Francis, H. McNairy, H. W. Zurnmely, Thos. McLaughlin, W. Morris, C. Basinger, W. McLaughlin and Chas. Reynolds. The hall was profusely decorated with flowers. Athletics at 4 o'clock hereafter, except Saturdays.

### THE FOURTH OF JULY

Will be Celebrated at Hover's on the Fifth.

Hover Park is making arrangements to give Lima people the best 4th of July entertainment on Monday, July 5th, that they have witnessed for years. Races on running track by Lima's best athletes, swimming races, boat races, stickenphosm race, high wire performer, balloon ascension.

The Auditorium has secured a splendid attraction. The Cosmopolitan Trio, contralto, tenor and baritone voices, in an up to date production. Harry Ward, in his famous character acting. As a comedian he is not surpassed.

Herbert, the frog man, who looks and acts much like a frog that you will wish difficulty be able to distinguish him from the real—voles included. Matinee at 3 o'clock. Evening programme at 8:30.

A brilliant fire works and electric fountain display to close the day. The admission to grounds is placed at 10 cents, or 15 cents including a ticket to auditorium. Suitable prizes will be awarded to winners in different contests.

### COURT HOUSE NEWS.

#### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Aaron Fisher to J. M. Cratty part of lots 62 and 63 in, Cairo. \$201.

John M. Cratty and wife to Joseph Bird, part of lots 62 and 63, in Cal-

Barbara Hausenstein to T. McCool and wife, 40 acres in Richland town-

W. B. Aples and wife to William Kushnau; one acre in Shawnee town-

ship. \$1 and other considerations. Nine mortgages were filed yester-

day with recorder Harrod. During the last year an unusually large num-

ber of mortgages have been filed. There has been more than one mort-

gage recorded for every deed trans-

ferred.

NEW HEARING

The Clipper ditch of Marion town-

ship is having a hearing to-day be-

### SAFE CRACKED.

Continued From Eighth Page

near Elizabeth street he lost the trail and it is supposed that there the robber boarded a train and left the city. Capt. Bell has telegraphed to neighboring cities and hopes to head him off at some point.

### MRS. BATES' SILVERWARE.

It is probable, that if the cracks- man had any use for some valuable silverware, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bates have sustained almost as great a loss as that of the Standard Oil Co. When Mrs. Bates prepared to go away on an extended visit recently, she had their silverware placed in the vault for safe keeping. Mr. Bates does not know just how much of his property was in the safe, and if it has been taken, he will not know the extent of his loss until Mrs. Bates returns home, as he will not interrupt her visit with news of the robbery. Mr. Bates states that until the books are moved from the vault and examined it will be impossible to determine just how much cash was in the safe, but is quite certain that the amount will not exceed \$150.

### THE SAFE OPENED

AND THE BLOOD HOUND AGAIN PUT ON THE TRAIL.

Employees of the Buckeye were at work all morning trying to get the safe door open, and a telegram was sent to Toledo to secure the service of an expert. The expert arrived and at 3 o'clock this afternoon the door was opened, after a piece of the outer plate had been cut out with chisels. No one was permitted to enter the vault and the bloodhound was given the scent from the interior and he is again following the trail. The robber had sawed a window stick the proper length and had placed it inside the safe in such a position that when he closed the door and shot the bolts into place they were held there.

### NOTHING STOLEN.

THE CRACKSMAN GAVE UP HIS WORK BEFORE IT WAS COMPLETE.

After the blood hound had been put upon the trail again, it was found that the robber had drilled a hole in the inner door of the vault, but did not succeed in opening the door and consequently did not reach the valuables.

### AMONG THE RAILROADS.

#### CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

The Christian Endeavor business on the P., Ft. W. & O. has been fully up to the expectations of the passenger agents. A special train from Pittsburgh ran as No. 9 yesterday and carried no passengers except C. E. excursionists, and No. 15 ran in two sections and carried 325 Endeavorers, beside the regular passenger traffic. To day's trains are also crowded with people bound for western points.

Agent Baucheus accompanied a party to Chicago yesterday and returned last night. This afternoon he accompanied another party and will see that they arrive safely at Chicago and make the proper connections. Mr. Baucheus says that the crowds in the Chicago depots are immense, and that the accommodations are inadequate for the care of them. The western lines will experience considerable difficulty in handling the large crowds who are taking advantage of the cheap rates.

### BIG D. & L. N. EXCURSION

The Detroit & Lima Northern ran an excursion out of Leipsic for Devil's Lake, Michigan, this morning. On the two trains were 2,500 people. The excursion was given by the United churches of that city. Most every business establishment in the city closed in order to give their help a holiday. Auditor Hathaway and superintendent Geo. Haskell accompanied the trains to look after the comforts of the excursionists.

### THE MALINTA TROUBLE

Receiver Pierce, of the Clover Leaf railway, has secured transfer to the United States court from the Henry county common pleas, of a suit against him by the Lima Northern railroad company, in which probate judge Cuff granted a temporary injunction to restrain the defendant from constructing a side track over a strip of land at Malinta. The strip is 40 feet wide and is next to the Clover Leaf right of way. The Lima Northern has a spur track upon it, used for a freight track and a yard for Malinta.

Defendant has filed an answer and cross petition and a motion to dissolve the injunction and that plaintiff may be enjoined from maintaining a side track wrongfully constructed.

Engineer Woerner, of the C. H. & A., has been transferred to the conductor J. E. Jeffries, of the L. E. & W., is laying off. Conductor Fredericks is running his car.

The C. & E. now runs a handsome dining car on train 5 from Gallon, O., to Rochester, Ind. It returns on train 8.

Conductor Frank Wheeler, of the O. & E., has resumed his duties after five months absence, 90 days of sickness.

Engineer Frank Lee, of the O. & E., has given up the west local run and will resume it through freig-

service. Engineer Harry Piper is on local at present.

Engineer Moore, of the C. H. & A., is spending a vacation at Snow Island.

The carpenters have completed their work on the new D. & L. N. depot and the building is now turned over to the painters.

An Illinois court ordered a railroad to pay a discharged conductor \$475. The conductor was not given a reason for dismissal and was unable to secure work on any other road.

Superintendent Floster and chief train dispatcher Louy, of the C. H. & A., are in Cincinnati arranging for the new time card which is expected to be out next Sunday.

An official of the Pennsylvania company said the fast time made by the special last week carrying officials from Chicago to Pittsburgh, which found its way into the newspapers, was only an ordinary run for that road. The limited train of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, with eight cars, has made just as good time, but the information was kept secret by the operators and telegraphers.—Indianapolis Journal.

### SCARED AT A TRAIN.

Mrs. W. T. Clements Meets with a Painful Accident on North Jackson Street.

Mrs. W. T. Clements was driving a horse on north Jackson street this afternoon about 2:30 o'clock, when it frightened at a D. & L. N. engine and ran away. The animal ran north to Pearl street, where it turned and tipped the buggy over, throwing Mrs. Clements, her child and another lady out onto the sidewalk. Mrs. Clements sustained injuries that caused her intense misery, but it was not known whether or not they were serious. Grange's ambulance was called and took her to her home at 712 Atlantic avenue.

### A DECREASE.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

R. Hance farm, section 1, Spencer township, is one of the best wells yet drilled in this field. They have commenced No. 2 on the Bailey and Britton farm, section 25, Spencer township.

Smith, Allen & Sunderland have cased No. 7 on the James Sunderland farm, Amanda township.

Cockran, Griffin & Cunningham have reached the sand in their well on the Culp farm, near Hume, Anglaise county.

Brorein Bros. & Sunderland have reached sand in their No. 5 on the J. L. Cockran farm, Amanda township. It shows for an average well.

Foreman & Mills' No. 1 on the Bailey & Britton farm, made 100 barrels the first 24 hours.

### GOOD ONE AT ALEXANDRIA.

A dispatch from Anderson says, Tom and Horace Stillwell, of this city, got oil at 50 barrels per day yesterday afternoon in their well at Alexandria. It is steadily increasing and it is thought it will go to 125 or 150 per day. The oil is of better quality than much that has been produced in the new field. The well will not be shot for a week, at least, and if it is then decided to shoot it, not more than ten quarts will be used. Shooting with heavy charges has proved to be a failure in the new field, the wells caving in and causing a great deal of trouble. Those wells which have been left alone are running the best. Many new derricks are going up. Ten or twelve wells due this week. There has not been a failure for three weeks and oil men are greatly encouraged. They feel assured that they will get oil by sinking their wells almost any place.

### THE MARKET.

North Lima..... 40  
South Lima..... 44  
Indiana..... 44  
Pennsylvania..... 63

### NOTES.

Buckeye Pipe Line runs June 28th, 76,834.16.

### Water Works Notice.

If you pay your bill for last half of the year before July 15th you will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent.; if paid between the 15th and 20th of July, a discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed. Thereafter no discount will be allowed, and if the bill is not paid by August 15th the water will be turned off.

By order of the water works trustees. H. B. HACKER, Sec'y.

### Moyer and Wagon.

We are now having fine genuine "Moyer Spring" Road Wagons made for us at Wapakoneta, Ohio. Also keep the largest stock of Buggies and Wagons in N. W. Ohio. Call at 130 E. High st., Lima, O. or at 130 E. 1st st., Lima, O.

H. PAREAN

Some wash goods at Blum's for the week. 4 and 6c for 10c. See these bargains. G. E. BLUM.

1887 Cumbias, \$75.00.

1888 Cumbias, \$80.00.

No chance to get a bargain. No use buying cheap wheels when you can get the best in the world at the above prices.

F. R. HARMAN

Ladies will have to pay the usual prices after this time at Johnson's swim.

# SPECIAL BARGAINS!

To make the opening days of July specially attractive to buyers, we offer some extraordinary price inducements for three days.

## Ladies' Hosiery.

Fast black, fine Lisle Thread Hose, average 35c quality; three days' sale at 19c

Choicest quality, black fancy rib Lisle Hose, special value at 50c; three days' sale at 39c

Our best quality Cotton Hose in the popular oxblood shades; 50c goods 19c

Many other worthy specials in Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery are here. Men's splendid quality, fast black, seamless, cotton half Hose at 10c.

## Men's Underwear.

We have secured an exceptional lot of Men's fine Balbriggan Shirts far under value. They're goods that are ordinarily sold at 50c. Our special price on them is

29c Every size 34 to 44.

Special Bargains in Shirt Waists. Special Bargains in Shirt Waist Sets and Belts.

Feldmann & Co.  
218 N. MAIN ST.

# Some Shoe Specials.

Ladies' Tan Patent Leather Shoes, vesting top, first price 4.00, now \$3.00  
Green Shoes, vesting top, coin toe, 3.00  
Wine and Chocolate Oxfords, 98c to 2.50

Men's Chocolate and Ox-blood Shoes, worth 3.50, for 3.00  
Tan Shoes 1.25 to 2.00  
W. L. Douglas Tan Shoes, worth 4.50, 4.00  
A splendid assortment of Boys' and Youths' Shoes at lowest possible prices.

A first-class line of Infants' and Children's Shoes in Tans, Browns, Wines, Ox-bloods and Black, with fancy trimmings. Ask to see them.

Get a Ticket on the Pictures—No Lottery.

# THE WAUGH SHOE STORE.

Bicyclo and Gymnasium Shoes in Stock.

### WANTED.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Enquire at 63 south Main street.

FOR SALE—A six room house, cheap. Call at 517 north Main street.

FOR RENT—The Hotel Earl, 13 east Wayne street. Enquire at 52 west Wayne street.

FOR SALE—Fine upright piano, or trade for a building lot. Call at C. H. & L. freight house, E. SAUNDERS.

FOR RENT—2 nicely furnished rooms on first floor for 2 gentlemen or man and wife. Call at 135 west Wayne st.

FOR SALE—A good family home. Call at Real Estate and Loan Broker.

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# THE LAST GOLD WAVE!

—GET READY TO—

Store Your Heading Stoves.

We care for, clean, black and set them up at a very low price.

CITY STORAGE HOUSE

E. S. RICKNEY, Prop.

### MONEY TO LOAN

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CREDIT MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call on

C. H. FOLSON,

Real Estate and Loan Broker.

Room No. 2 and 3.

218 N. Main St.

New Phone 603

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New Phone 603



ONLY  
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A  
WEEK,

The ...

Daily

Times-

Democrat.

The  
Largest,  
Newsiest  
and  
Leading  
Paper  
of  
Lima.

## SHAH AND LASSIES.

The Monarch Witnessed a Highland Fling by Five Hundred Scotch Maids.

"When I was at the Paris exhibition," said Malcolm Duncan of Glasgow, "the shah of Persia was one of the honored guests. He was a good soul. Western civilization had made an impression on him, and no ruler in the orient had a profounder respect for the wonders that British and American genius have accomplished. Western trade and commerce had no more liberal or intelligent patron than this same shah. Persia lost a liberal ruler when the assassin's bullet laid him low. But this has taught to do with my story."

"One night the shah visited one of the French theaters of the lower grade. When he arrived, the house was full. The oriental monarch received the best the house afforded, but that was not even an exclusive box. The shah and his friends were ushered into one of the front boxes. In it sat a typical Scotchman, staid and solemn as his race. In the course of the evening a lithe limbed danseuse capered nimbly upon the stage. Instantly the shah was all attention. He feasted his eye on the gyrating form and even forgot his kingly dignity in his admiration for the actress. Persia's proud ruler sat in front of the Scot, who was the only occupant of the box when his party arrived. When his enthusiasm carried him to his feet, the Scot's vision was obscured. Shah or no shah, the Scot had paid to see the show, and see the show he proposed to do.

"Laying a heavy hand on the shoulder of the oriental despot, the Scot said: 'If you ever come to Scotland, ask for MacKenzie, the laird of Kintoul. He'll show you better things than Paris ever saw.'"

"The earnestness of the Scot impressed the shah even more than his heavy hand. MacKenzie, the laird of Kintoul, was a name that lodged in his memory, the more because with it was associated the promise of sights to the Persian yet unknown. A few months thereafter it befell that the shah, in the course of his trip through the British isles, visited Scotland. The laird of Kintoul's invitation still rung in his ears. Inquiry revealed that MacKenzie was the head of a numerous and powerful clan, and the shah went out of his course to meet him and remind him of his promise.

"The highland chief is the soul of honor. He felt complimented by the visitant in duty bound to make good his promise. The fair lassies for all the country round were assembled in the laird's ancestral castle. Five hundred young women tossed their slippers skyward at the first note of the Scotch bagpipes. Then 500 plaid clad forms gyrated through the movements of an old fashioned highland fling. Those thousand feet, that stole boldly out and then modestly retired beneath the shelter of Scotia's national colors, made a sight which the harems of the sultan and the feasts of the east could not equal. The shah was captivated. He glided into the midst of the feminine throng, and a pretty lassie who is now married to a Glasgow shipbuilder has the honor of being the only woman with whom Persia's ruler danced during his visit in Queen Victoria's domains. In my part of Scotland the shah and his visit to the laird of Kintoul is still one of the subjects of neighborly gossip."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

No Wonder the Son Was Surprised. A melodrama was some years since played in a certain theater, the chief actor in which had made himself, from his overbearing conduct, disliked by one and all. In the last scene he was supposed to visit the tombs of his ancestors. In the center of the stage, upon a marble pedestal, stood the statue of his father. A heavy fold of drapery covered the figure.

Enter Albert. "Once again," he says, "let me gaze upon those features which in life so often beamed with tender affection. Father, thy mourning son now comes to pay thee reverence. Let me remove the veil which from vulgar gaze shields the image of a once dear parent!"

The drapery fell aside, and behold the father stood upon his head! The effect cannot be described. It was electric. The shouts of laughter which followed effectively put an end to the scene, which changed to the next as quickly as possible, amid the bravos of the audience, the anger of the manager, and the uncontrollable rage of the actor.—London Tit-Bits.

Flimsy. "Dobbins seems to be a rather fluent talker."

"Flimsy! Why, that man prepared a vitascope lecture, but it was a failure because the pictures couldn't keep up with him."—Chicago Record.

A Nice Distinction. "He made his money in wheat, didn't he?"

"No—wheat prices."—Chicago Journal.

## THROUGH MOTHER'S EYES.

Why the Old Gentleman Opened Conversation With the Young Man.

An aged man and woman stopped opposite the Central High School building a few days ago and looked across at that rather imposing pile. They were plainly but neatly dressed, and while it was evident they were from the rural districts there was nothing in their appearance to attract attention.

A young man was waiting for a cross-town car close to where the strangers stopped. To him the aged man turned.

"That's a schoolhouse, I judge?" he said.

"That's the Central High school," replied the young man.

The old man looked interested.

"That's the principal high school, Mary," he remarked to the old lady.

Then he turned back to the young man.

"We haven't been in Cleveland for a number of years," he said.

"I guess it ain't since the Garfield funeral, an we're just lookin' around. We take a good deal of interest in schools an schoolhouses."

He paused and looked toward the sweet faced old lady, who nodded brightly.

"Then you have children?" said the young man.

"Just one," replied the old man.

"Of course, he is through school?"

"Long ago," said the stranger.

"How long is it, Mary? Five years since he graduated, ain't it?"

"Six," said the old lady.

"I guess maybe it is," said the old man.

"Graduated from your home school, I suppose?" said the young man.

"Yes," said the aged stranger.

"He was our only child, an Mary an I made up our minds to give him just as good an education as we could afford. An we did too."

The young man smiled. He fancied that the boy in question had been given a decidedly limited send off.

"You say he graduated from the home school?" he said.

"Yes," replied the old man, "but he didn't stop there. He wanted to go to West Austintown, an we sent him. Then he wanted to go to Hiram an we sent him. An then he'd set his heart on Harvard, and we sent him there."

"To Harvard?"

"Yes, an he was one of the class orators, too, on graduation day. It almost broke his heart 'cause mother an I couldn't be there to hear him. But we didn't feel that we could quite afford it, did we, mother?"

The young man looked at the old lady. There were tears in her eyes, but she still nodded brightly.

"And your son—where is he now?"

"He's a minin engineer in South Africa. Doin first rate too. We hear from him regular every month. Why, what brought us up to town today was to get a draft cashed that he sent his mother for a birthday present. Three hundred dollars—\$5 for every year—that's what Joe wrote. Mother's just 60."

The young man took off his hat to the old lady.

"I wish you many more birthdays, madam," he said, "and trust that each will be as pleasantly remembered."

The old lady smilingly thanked him.

"Do you know what mother said?" inquired the old man, with a sly twinkle in his eye.

"Why, no. What was it?"

"Mother said, 'Let's speak to that young man—he seems so much like Joe.'"

And the young man walked away, feeling that he might journey long and far and not receive so high a compliment.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dr. Dowling's Retort.

The Toledo Blade tells this anecdote of the Rev. Dr. George T. Dowling, Episcopal, of that city, who used to be a Baptist minister. He was in Atlanta not long after he joined the Episcopal church, and happened to meet a Baptist minister, who somewhat bewailed the fact of the loss of three good men. Said he:

"Doctor, will you tell me how our denomination can keep such men as Dr. Behrends, Dr. Moxom and yourself from jumping over the fence?"

"I am sure I can't tell," said Dr. Dowling, with a twinkle in his eye, "unless you make your denomination void of offense."

A Story of Whewell.

Sidney Smith said of the great Dr. Whewell, master of Trinity college, that "science was his forte and omniscience his foible." On one occasion two fellows of the college, thinking to get beyond his range, read up the subject of Chinese metaphysics, and then disputed about it in the doctor's presence. He listened in silence for a time, and then observed, "Ah, I see you have been reading a paper which I wrote for an encyclopedia of science."

## THE QUEST.

Upon my lips there fell when first the night Pales in the highest heaven, setting day Far down the fathomless eastern depths away—

Pales with a fearful joy, a dread delight—  
Upon my lips, with wakening white  
There fell a kiss. One instant's space it lay  
Soft as a reedleaf that the west winds fray,  
And then my eyes awoke to dazzled sight.

The warmth, the tender aspect and the thrill  
Burst on my lips and the calm pulse of sleep  
Awoke and quivered quick in soft surprise.  
From that day forward knew I love.

By day I search and nightly vigil keep  
For her revealed to me in such strange ways  
—The Late H. C. Sumner in Scribner's.

## THE BOER AT HOME.

He Does Not Hate All Englishmen, Only Some of Them.

Bryant Lindley met a Boer and asked the way. He received a surly answer which amounted to "Go to the devil!" Upon this he protested angrily, and the Boer rejoined in equal bad humor. At length the Boer shouted, "What's your name anyway?" and when he heard it his manner altered at once, and he exclaimed, "What, are you the son of the great American missionary Daniel Lindley?"

My friend gladly pleaded guilty to this charge, and the surly Boer became at once the most hospitable friend and begged forgiveness for his rudeness. As they rode together toward the road which my friend was seeking the Boer recounted with grateful satisfaction the many good deeds performed by the elder Lindley, but of them all the best to him was that represented by a sound thrashing he had once received at the hands of this venerable missionary. For it appeared that this particular Boer in his youth had been sent to a school taught by Lindley; that the Dutchman was noted for his size and strength and had bragged of his capacity to down the teacher, and had actually sought the opportunity by refusing obedience. But he soon learned that he had made a gross mistake, for this particular missionary was also a noted athlete and gave him such a hiding with a bullock whip that the young giant roared for mercy before the whole school. And for this and similar deeds the Boers loved the elder Lindley, and this particular Boer venerated his memory.

On the evening in question, when the two men were about to part, the Boer, who had been so uncivil at first, begged Lindley, with tears in his eyes, to grant him a great favor for the sake of his conscience. "Your father," said he, "did me a service so great that I can never repay it—he gave me the worst thrashing I ever had—he saved my character, and I am a better man today, thanks to him."

My friend cheerfully promised to grant the request, puzzling his head as to what was going to be required of him. The Boer was mounted upon an excellent horse, which he prized beyond anything he owned. He dismounted, put the reins in Lindley's hand and then ran away into the black forest as though the devil were after him. Here was no Indian giving. This Boer had put it out of the power of the American to discover the name or whereabouts of the strange giver.

It is a story typical of the Boer and serves to illustrate many apparent contradictions in his nature. He does not hate Englishmen in general. He hates only those who seem to threaten his peculiar quality of independence.—"The Dutch Feeling Toward England," by Portney Bigelow, in Harper's Magazine.

## The Old Sandbox.

"Blotting paper," said a man of mature years, "has been commonly used for only about 40 years. Before that we used sand, which was poured from a sand box out upon the paper. Enough of it adhered to the wet ink to keep it from blotting. The rest was poured back into the box. I think I liked the old sand box better than I do the modern blotting paper. Sometimes when you opened a letter you would find sand in the envelope, which had rubbed off the letter in transit. But that didn't do any hurt, and the letter itself was more likely to look at the letter of to-day. It did not shade off pale, where fresh ink had been taken from the lines, but the blotter—it was uniform in color. And the lines, fine and coarse, were just as the writer made them—not blurred or softened or spread out, more nearly uniform. They were clear and precise and characteristic of the writer."

"I liked the old sand box, but of course we couldn't use it now; we're too busy."—New York Sun.

## Wonderful Forethought.

The habit of companies which insure against accidents to compel their patrons to resort to the courts to recover in case of injury was the occasion of this singular thoughtfulness, told by the president of a large accident company:

"Some time ago," he said, "a large policy holder in my company was run over by a Brooklyn trolley car and his right leg painfully crushed. He remained conscious after the shock for three minutes, during which time he pulled out his watch and called the attention of the crowd to the fact that it was just 15 minutes of 12. His policy expired at noon, and his foresight was rewarded by the immediate payment of his weekly indemnity without controversy or litigation."—Youth's Companion.

## Emptying the Organ Grinders.

Reside close to a dentist's if you are not fond of street music. It is an organ man carefully avoid playing anywhere near the house of a practitioner who can effectually stop or remove all troublesome grinders.—London Punch.

A paper published in Greenland can boast of the longest name in existence. It is Arrangaghiotto Natinginnavik Syaraminus Sinik.

Osantation has been described as the way other people "show off."—Town and Country Journal.

## GRANT AND SHERMAN.

Their Generous Appreciation of Each Other's Abilities.

In The Century, General Horace Porter says, in the course of his "Campaigning With Grant":

A little before 9 o'clock on the evening of Sept. 4, while the general was having a quiet smoke in front of his tent, and discussing the campaign in Georgia, a dispatch came from Sherman announcing the capture of Atlanta, which had occurred on Sept. 2. It was immediately read aloud to the staff, and after discussing the news for a few minutes and uttering many words in praise of Sherman, the general wrote the following reply: "I have just received your dispatch announcing the capture of Atlanta. In honor of your great victory I have ordered a salute to be fired with shotted guns from every battery bearing upon the enemy. The salute will be fired within an hour, amid great rejoicing."

In the meantime the glad tidings had been telegraphed to Meade and Butler, with directions to fire the salute, and not long afterward the roar of artillery communicated the joyful news of victory throughout our army and bore sad tidings to the ranks of the enemy. An answer was received from Sherman, in which he said: "I have received your dispatch and will communicate it to the troops in general orders."

"I have always felt that you would take personally more pleasure in my success than in your own, and I reciprocate the feeling to the fullest extent."

Grant then wrote to Sherman: "I feel that you have accomplished the most gigantic undertaking given to any general in this war with a skill and ability which will be acknowledged in history as unsurpassed, if not unequalled. It gives me as much pleasure to record this in your favor as it would in favor of any living man, myself included."

The above correspondence with Sherman recalls the letters which were interchanged between them after General Grant's successes in the west. The general wrote to Sherman at that time: "What I want is to express my thanks to you and McPherson as the men to whom, above all others, I feel indebted for whatever I have had of success. How far your advice and assistance have been of help to me you know. How far your execution of whatever has been given you to do entitles you to the reward I am receiving, you cannot know as well as I. I feel all the gratitude this letter would express, giving it the most flattering construction." Sherman wrote a no less manly letter in reply. After insisting that General Grant assigned to his subordinates too large a share of merit, he went on to say: "I believe you to be as brave, patriotic and just as the great prototype, Washington; as unselfish, kind hearted and honest as a man should be, but the chief characteristic is the simple faith in success you have always manifested, which I can liken to nothing else than the faith a Christian has in the Saviour."

"I knew, wherever I was, that you thought of me, and if I got in a tight place you would help me out if alive." The noble sentiments expressed in this and similar correspondence were three bright spots which served to relieve the gloomy picture of desolating war.

## Unlike the Rest of Them.

Dr. John W. Bull's Pills are a sovereign remedy; they are not like ordinary, cathartic pills that violently purge the bowels, but they possess specific, curative powers, which stimulate the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys, giving them vitality, tone and healthful action.

"I have used Dr. Bull's Pills for liver, kidney and stomach diseases, and found that they are the best and surest cure for these ailments. I keep Dr. Bull's Pills in the house year in and out, and my wife can not praise them enough. Otto Korschel, 1401 W. Main St., Laporte, Ind." Dr. John W. Bull's Pills (sixty in a box) cost but 25 cents; trial box, 10 cents, at all dealers, or by mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md. Beware of imitations.

## A Lucky Dealer.

"The umbrella man is still in luck," remarked Mr. Esplande.

"It isn't raining as much as it was," replied Mr. Monterey.

"No; but the umbrella man sells parasols as well."

## CASTORIA.

A Blessing For the Ladies.

Thousands of ladies are using Brazilian Balm. For soreness, pain, bearing down and many kinds of trouble, it acts like a charm. A 50 cent or dollar bottle often does more good in one week than any other remedy does in months. It goes right to the spot, removing all inflammation. Mrs. Geo. W. Roberts, of Wilmington, Del., says, "A strong solution of Brazilian Balm and warm water used as an injection has done me more good than all the remedies and prescriptions I ever tried."

**MUNYON'S** Headache Cures. It quickly cures all forms of headache, no matter what the cause. Munyon's Headache Cures are sold at all drug stores. Write to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., for free medical advice.

## KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the

**KELLY**  
**SHOWER**  
**BATH**  
**RING**  
**AND**  
**Hot Water**  
**Proof Hose.**  
Prevents Wetting the Head and Face.

**\$2 EXPRESS** **25c.**  
**A.D.**

Agents wanted in every city who can purchase boxes, lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Cook.

**THOS. KELLY & BROS.,**

209 Madison Street, Chicago.

**CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.**  
**CH&D**  
**CINCINNATI**  
**INDIANAPOLIS DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT**

Excursions via C., H. & D.  
R. R. Co.

Fourth of July Excursion Rates.

The C. H. & D. Ry. are making arrangements to carry quite a number of people into

Piquette, Ind., on account of the grand celebration at Midway Park. The C. H. & D. Ry. are making special Fourth of July excursion rates—good going July 4th and 5th, good returning until July 6th. The excursions at Midway Park on July 5th are bicycle races, balloon ascension, ball game, bowling picnic, grandstand show, and display of fireworks and grand concert. The bowling alleys will be open and the pony track in full operation.

Home Seekers to the South.

On July 5, 6, 19 and 20 and August 2, 3, 19 and 20, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare plus \$2.50; good to return in 21 days.

Cincinnati, O.

On July 21 and 22, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare; good to return until July 26.

Toronto, Ont.

On July 12, 14 and 15, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare; good going by rail and return by water or rail, until the 24.

Detroit, Mich.

On July 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare; good to return until the 14.

Minneapolis, Wis.

On July 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at \$2.50 for the round trip; good to return July 13 and 31.

Mt. Vernon, O.

On July 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare; good to return until July 15.

Nashville, Tenn.

Via C. H. & D. Ry., the C. H. & D. Ry. are now selling tickets to Nashville at very low rates, as follows:

Tickets good to return until Nov. 15th; \$15.00; tickets good to return until 30 days from date, \$18.00; tickets good to return until 60 days from date, \$20.00. The 10-day tickets are on sale Tuesday and Thursday of each week. Others on sale daily.

Kyria, O.

On July 11 and 12, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip; good to return July 30.

San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal.

On June 28, 29, 30, July 1, 2, 3, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion one way tickets at \$2.50.

Detroit, Mich.

On July 12 and 13, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare; good to return until the 16.

Chattanooga, Tenn.

On July 13-14 and 15th the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell round trip tickets at \$14.00; good to return until the 31st.

Teachers' Excursion to Toledo via C., H. & D. Ry.

On account of the Ohio State Teachers' Association, agents of the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at one fare for round trip on June 28th and 29th, good to return up to and including July 3rd.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rates on the C. H. & D. Ry. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGinnis, Ticket Agent.

Mr. G. A. Stillson, a merchant of

Tampico, Ill., writes, August 10th, 1891: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits."

My face to-day is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty seven years with the disease, and to-day I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago. I can obtain some wonderful certificates of its medical qualities." H. F. Vorkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

Might Make a Difference.

"I'll tell the people who talk about employing you that you are incapable of a falsehood!" said the warm friend.

"Thank you very much, my express is carefully. There's a good deal of difference, you know, between saying that a man 'cannot tell a lie' and declaring that he 'has no diplomacy.'"—Washington Star.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The little children should use

Castoria.

It is a

very

pleasant

and

effective

remedy

for

infants

and

children.

It is

the

best

and

most

reliable

remedy

for

infants

and

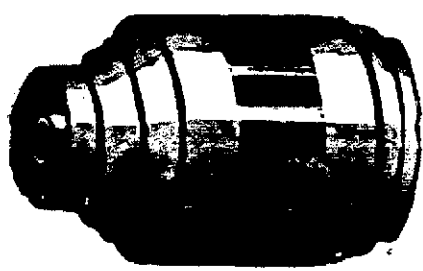
children.







## THE HUB!

THE CONTINUED  
SLAUGHTER SALE

## SHOES

Goes on in addition to

Tavo Mammoth

Stocks of Shoes.

Combined. We have been receiving daily large shipments from the best Eastern factories. We positively have on sale the GREATEST BARGAINS ever offered in Lima. Come and see them.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

135 N. Main St., Lima, O.

W. N. Boyer, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIST.

Office, Room 10, Cincinnati Block.  
Residence, 317 West North Street.  
Telephone in office and residence.  
3-1-12.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

## TALES OF THE TOWN.

Miss Anna Willower, saleslady at Trean's, has recovered from her recent illness.

Miss Anna Higginbotham, saleslady at G. E. Blum's, is confined to her home by sickness.

George Lyons has accepted a position as dispenser of mixed drinks at Geo. M. Shaffer's place.

Sergeant Watts and policeman Lillie and Seede arrested O. Burcott and Eddie Hamilton last night for drunkenness. They are still prisoners at the police station.

Van Wert and Delphos are having an interesting fight over the question as to which town will have the most beautiful and expensive display of fireworks next Saturday evening.

William Carmon, who was arrested by detective Herr, of the P. F. W. & C. night before last, was fined \$1 and costs by justice Mowen last evening. He paid the amount and was released.

Mrs. Jennie Levi, who was arrested upon a charge of having pointed a pistol at Ray Killian, was bound over to the grand jury by justice Amur last evening. She gave bond in the sum of \$100 and was released.

The Gazette complains this morning and says we used a news item last night that they had published June 15th. Not having their files at hand we are unable to confirm their claim that they really did publish an item of news on June 15th. If they actually did your uncle Archie is perfectly justified in guarding it with jealous care, for it is a notorious fact that they have not published a news item since that date.

Harry Johnson, proprietor of the popular swimming resort at McCullough's lake, has an eye for business that has been evidenced in a manner worthy of note. When he rebuilt the dressing rooms at the swim, after they had been considerably damaged by fire, early last spring, he left out the hoodoo number, 13, which superstitious people hold in such fear. The rooms are numbered from one up, but the room next to No. 12 is 14 and, consequently the rooms are all used alike, and there are no complaints from patrons on account of being assigned to a dressing room with an unlucky number painted on the door.

All committees on arrangements for Fourth of July celebration and picnic, to be held at the fair grounds on July 5th, are requested to meet in the basement of St. Rose school house this Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock to report on progress. Let every member of the arrangement committee be present.

## Great Closing Sale

of Bicycles. Cheapest prices ever named on wheels.

1897 COLUMBIAS \$75.00

1897 HARTFORDS 50.00

1897 BELLIS 37.50

1897 ALAX 30.00

If you are going to buy a wheel bring your money and see how far it will go, at F. E. HARMAN'S.

## BALLOTING

For the Man Who will be Next Governor of Ohio.

## TEN CANDIDATES NAMED

Before the Big Convention at Columbus for Position on the Head of the Ticket—Judge Hough Withdrawn by Jesse Lewis.

The Democrats of Ohio believe that this will be a year of Democratic success, and this afternoon before the big convention there were presented the names of ten gentlemen who aspire to lead the silver hosts to victory.

Following the adoption of the reports of the committee, the names of candidates were presented in the following order: Paul J. Sorg, Allen V. Smalley, Allen W. Thurman, D. D. Donovan, Robert T. Hough, H. L. Chapman, Samuel M. Hunter, John M. Van Meter and Amos W. Patrick. There apparently being no other candidates the convention prepared for the first ballot, but before proceeding with the ballot the nominations were again opened and mayor Rice, of Canton, was placed in nomination. Welty, of Canton, who was a prominent candidate, withdrew from the field leaving but one candidate in the field from Stark county. The name of Judge Hough was withdrawn by Jesse Lewis, of Urbana. The convention is now taking the first ballot.

## FIRST BALLOT.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Sorg, 113; Smalley, 123; Thurman, 78; Donovan, 103; Chapman, 23; Hunter, 61; Van Meter, 28; Patrick, 69; Rice, 113; Lantz, 9; Warner, 3; Reeves, 17.

After the announcement of the result of the first ballot, Jo Dowling withdrew the name of Paul J. Sorg, and moved that Chapman be nominated by acclamation. The chair refused to entertain Dowling's motion and gave as a reason that the nomination of the convention must have a majority of all votes in the convention.

The indications are that Chapman will be nominated on the second ballot. He will receive the solid vote of Hamilton and Franklin counties.

## ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Mel Bailey, of Bluffton, was in the city this noon.

C. P. Coy, of Ft. Wayne, is a guest at the Cambridge House.

Miss Madge Mitchell left this noon to visit friends at Dayton.

Mrs. C. D. Crites left this afternoon to visit friends at Findlay.

G. E. Stearns, of Bluffton, was a guest at the Burnet House to-day.

Miss Ella Hanson, of north Elizabeth street, is visiting in St. Wayne.

Ernest Karr, of Delaware, O., is the guest of his cousin, Miss Lillian Cowles.

H. W. Moon left this morning for St. Marys, where he has accepted a position.

James McIntyre and family, of west Kibby street, are visiting relatives in Canada.

J. A. Hall and wife, of Baxter street, have returned from a pleasant visit in the south.

Miss Jennie Chiess, of Wapakoneta, is visiting Mrs. Victor Cardosi, of west Elm street.

Messrs. Willower, Robinson and Van DeGrift left this morning for Lewistown, for a week's outing.

Mrs. Harmon Hoffman and two sons, of west North street, are visiting friends in Indianapolis, Ind.

James Higginbotham is home from college at Niagara, N. Y., to spend the summer vacation with his parents.

Joshua A. Porter and son, of Cleveland, O., are the guests of E. S. Porter and family, of west High street.

E. B. Lynch, clerk at John Wheeler's grocery, has resigned and left yesterday for a trip through California.

Miss Mary Lawlor, of west McKibben street, has returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Ada.

Cloyd and Cliff Brower left this afternoon on a trip to California, where they may remain for their future home.

Mrs. J. W. Swigart arrived here last night from Loganport, Ind. Mr. Swigart is employed as a salesman in the Columbia Shoe Store.

Misses Florence and Ethel Gattman, of Philadelphia, Pa., will arrive in the city on Friday afternoon to visit their sister, Mrs. Adolph Fox, of west Market street.

## Odd Pieces of China.

Special price sale to clean up stock. Cake plates, melon trays, berry dishes, etc. See our tables of articles at special prices.

F. E. HARMAN.

## SAFE CRACKED.

Bold Robbery at the Buckeye Pipe Line Offices.

## WHAT DID THE THIEF GET?

Is the Question that Mothers the Officials—Crackman Locked the Safe Door After the Combination Was Broken.

A bold and successful job of safe-cracking was perpetrated in the bookkeeping department of the Buckeye Pipe Line offices last night. The robber was not only an expert crackman, but it is very evident that he was well posted concerning the office and his chances for making a big haul. To-day is pay-day, and it was only by a mere chance that all of the salaries for the office employees were not in the safe when it was robbed; but it was decided that this money should not be drawn from the bank until this morning, consequently the robber must have been somewhat disappointed, though it is possible that he secured about \$150 belonging to the Standard Oil Co. and some valuable papers belonging to Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Bates.

## CLIMBED THROUGH A TRANSOM.

The vault that was robbed is located at the north side of the bookkeepers' department, and at the extreme west end of the second floor of the opera-house block. The fact that the safe had been cracked was discovered this morning when the bookkeepers arrived and went to the vault to get their books. The combination on the safe door refused to work and a small hole that had been drilled through the door told the tale. An investigation was hastily made and it was found that the robber had gained an entrance by climbing over a transom opening into room 17, which adjoins the bookkeepers' department on the east. After that it was an easy matter for him to go through the two rooms and to the vault.

## DIDN'T USE DET. CAMITE.

The crackman was not only a shrewd individual but he was thoroughly up-to-date. He used no dynamite or other explosive that would make a noise, but cracked the safe in a more modern way. After fastening a set of clamps upon the front of the door he went to work with a

## RACQUET AND DRILL.

and soon had a small hole drilled through the outer metal plate of the door. Then he tapped out the hole, making a three-quarter-inch threaded hole in to which a case-hardened bolt was screwed and the inner plate forced inward and the tumblers were at the robber's command. Then after getting whatever articles of value he found within the crackman closed the massive door, shot the bolts back in some manner, and the safe was more securely locked than it was before he had opened it. He then packed up his tools and the booty and made his escape, and it is supposed was many miles from the city by the time his work was discovered. The only evidence that the robber himself gained access to the inner part of the vault was a small piece of the inner plate of the door that was found on the floor this morning.

## THE ROBBERY-TRAIL.

Capt. Bell was notified as soon as the condition of the safe was discovered and Henry Reel and his blood hound were immediately called into service. The animal seemed to find the trail almost immediately and followed it through the building, and was soon leading up Cherry alley. He passed the electric light station and upon reaching the first alley running east and west, ran west to Elizabeth street, then north to the yard at the rear of Shutt's meat market. Here the dog went about among the small buildings for some time, then out in to the P. F. W. & C. yards. At a point

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

## NO VERDICT YET.

And It Is Probable that the Jury Will Disagree.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the jury in the Hawk murder case, after having been out twenty-five hours, had not yet agreed upon a verdict, and it is thought they will agree to-day. The juryman deliberated all last night but were unable to agree upon any verdict, and are just as far from it this afternoon.

## Social.

The ladies of the Congregational church will serve ice cream and cake on the lawn at the home of Mrs. F. R. Gray, 562 west Spring street, this evening. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to the members and friends of the church.

## Baby Carriages

At closing out prices:  
\$12.00 styles at \$9.99.  
13.50 " 10.99.  
16.00 " 11.99.  
18.00 " 14.99.  
20.00 " 16.99.

All first-class goods; rubber tires and brake.

F. E. HARMAN.

## A DECREASE

In Oil Operations in the Allen County Field.

## DURING THE LAST MONTH.

Another Good Well in the Alexandria Field—No Change in the Market To-day—Other Oil News of Interest.

The past month's oil operations in the Northwestern Ohio oil fields show an increase of four in completed wells, with a decrease in the new production of 170 barrels, and seven less dry holes. The drop in the production with more wells completed is due to the fact that no very large sized producers were completed during the month to swell the output. The daily average per well per day for the month is 25 1/2 barrels, a trifling less than for May. There are 175 drilling wells and 110 rigs up, which shows a decline of 25 in drilling wells and an increase of 15 in rigs up and building. Wood county, as usual, leads by a large per cent, with 61 wells completed, 1,545 barrels new production, 7 dry holes, 57 wells drilling and 42 rigs up. This is a decline in the production of the new wells in that county for June against May of 830 barrels, which is a phenomenal drop. There is an opportunity for a boom in old Wood county, as the Ohio Oil Company and Montgomery, Stitt & Pool have a merry line fight on hand.

Hancock county stands well in second place for operations, with 37 wells completed, 4 dry holes and a new production of 875 barrels daily added to the older production. Allen county shows a decline in operations, and for the month shows only 17 wells completed, against 23 for May. There were three dry holes and a new production of 255 barrels. Auglaize county has an increase of one well completed, with a total of 25 for June, six dry holes and 520 barrels output. Sandusky county increased its work for June over the May report of five wells, there being a total of 36 completed, of which four were dry, the balance having a daily output of 795 barrels. Lucas county also comes forward with an increase of five more wells, of which three of the total of 21 were dry holes. This is considered a very good average for a new field. The balance shows a daily production of 425 barrels. Van Wert, Seneca, Mercer and Wyandot counties show but little change, still Hancock county is credited with 13 completed wells during the month, of which five were dry holes. Wyandot county has a little excitement, which is caused by the drilling in of a well some weeks ago just at the north edge of the corporation of Upper Sandusky. Geo. W. Barnes has secured a large block of land in the vicinity of the new wells and has two under way. Ottawa county, one of the new additions to the field, is liable to surprise the oil fraternity to some extent. Some of the late wells in Allen township, that county, are showing for nice paying producers.

## THE INDIANA FIELD.

The Indiana oil field promises to be the drawing card this season for oil men from all parts of the country, who are looking for new developments. As has been stated before, there is a vast scope of territory in the gas belt which is figured upon by all familiar with the western field, as destined to eventually "come in" as oil territory. Slowly but surely the pressure is declining in the gas belt and oil is commencing to appear in various points in old wells, whose days of supply of the heat fluid are about over. Not much notice was taken of these oil showings until the strike at Alexandria last April, and since then operators have been scrutinizing the gas belt pretty closely and making note of all indications which could warrant leasing or operation.

Perhaps the most promising oil showing outside of the territory around Alexandria is southwest of there in Hamilton county. A well in section 2, Fall Creek township, drilled several years ago for gas, which it has yielded since, has attracted some attention. Last fall it began to produce a little oil and has increased slowly since, until it is now good for 25 or 30 barrels per day, when properly handled.

The main point of attraction still hangs on at Alexandria, where the trade still considers there is a field of no mean magnitude, and they intend to find it out before leaving it for good. The field so far proves that there is oil in large quantities and all there is to do is to send the drill after it.

## THE SPENCERVILLE FIELD.

Allen & McCormick have cased their well on the Whirl farm, Amanda township.

The Shunk Oil Co. are rigging up their No. 6 on the Nicholas Miller farm.

The Ohio Oil Co.'s well on the Garver farm, near Buchland, Auglaize county, was shot with 160 quarts. It makes a good showing.

Allen Bros. have cased their No. 5 on the Anderson Keith farm.

A test well is being drilled southwest of Willsboro.

The Eastern Oil Co. have rigged up their well on the Perkins farm, section 30, Amanda township.

Foreman & Mills' No. 3 on the J.

## JUST THREE YEARS

Have Elapsed Since Goldsmith &amp; Kalb Began Business.

## A SUCCESSFUL CAREER.

On July First, 1894, They Opened the Doors of Their Handsome Banking Room—1725 Prospect for Future Business.

In the course of the day's news-gathering, a representative of the TIMES-DEMOCRAT dropped into Goldsmith & Kalb's bank to-day, and in conversation with them was informed that they are just concluding their third year in the banking business, their bank having been opened July 1st, 1894. The present year's business is closing very successfully, a fact which is the more encouraging, as since opening their business on July 1st, 1894, this country has passed through the worst financial times that it has ever experienced.

In the face of these conditions this house has prospered and has laid the foundations for a safe and conservative banking business, and it affords us much pleasure to be able to say to our readers that this firm is to-day enjoying the utmost confidence of the community, which they fully deserve. They are men of the highest honor and integrity, and we can speak of them only with praise. Mr. Goldsmith, the senior member of the firm, has lived in Lima twenty-five years and has always shown himself as one of our most liberal and public spirited citizens. Gus Kalb, the junior member, came here a boy almost twenty years ago and by strict and honorable business methods has met with marked success and it would be hard to find a man who has the interest of Lima more at heart than Gus Kalb. This firm is confining itself strictly to legitimate banking and we predict for them a steadily growing business. They have one of the best banking rooms in northwestern Ohio and their vaults and safety deposit boxes correspond. We wish them abundant success in the future. One of the best evidences of the prosperity of a community is when the banks are doing well and enjoy the confidence of the people. There is no reason why any persons in Lima or Allen county should hoard their money and keep it about the house as a temptation to thieves when the banks of this city are so well equipped to care for it and save the owners from the anxiety which it must be to keep any considerable amount of money in a stocking or a shoe box in some old bureau drawer, just where it is most likely to be found by thieves should they suspect its existence.

## New Will You Ride?

You can get a Columbia, latest patterns, for \$75.00; 1896 patterns for \$60.00 at

F. E. HARMAN'S.

## The Eyes are the Windows of the Soul.

You know it and still neglect them.

## Optics is a Science,

And we make use of the most scientific instruments for finding the errors of refraction.

## Vision is the Noblest of Men's Senses.

ARE YOU HAVING burning, itching sensations after reading?

HEADACHE, with no relief from drugs?

BLURRED VISION, and get no relief from glasses you have had?

It's the same story we hear every day. We are doing good for others. If you are not skeptical or prejudiced we can do you good.

## Examination Free.

Can we do more?

## MACDONALD &amp; CO.,

OPTICIANS.

Old Postoffice Corner.

LIMA, OHIO.

The Reliable  
Steel Plate Furnace!

## The Modern House Warmer.

Write for catalogue and estimate on complete job to the manufacturer,

GEO. AUER,

DELPHOS, O.

The Medial Medicine  
Is the Model Medicine.

The only medal awarded to Sarsaparilla at the World's Fair, 1893, at Chicago, was awarded to

Ayer's  
Sarsaparilla.

## SMOKED MEATS.

Miller Bros' Slaughter House Damaged by Fire Last Night.

About 9:30 o'clock last night a fire alarm from box 35 called the central fire department out for a long run to High and Sugar streets. Upon arriving at the box the firemen found the fire located at Miller Bros' slaughter house, and it was necessary to lay 800 feet of hose to reach the flames with a stream of water.

The fire had originated in a smoke house, a small frame structure near the main building, and the flames had gained such headway that the firemen barely saved the latter. The smoke shed was a total loss.

## 1897 Columbias

\$75.00.

## 1896 Columbias

\$80.00.

## 1897 Hartfords

\$50.00.

Now is your chance to get the finest wheels in the world at the price of cheap ones.

All orders filled promptly.

F. E. HARMAN,

215 North Main street.

## For the Choir Fund.

On Wednesday evening of this week a concert will be given at the residence of Mr. J. W. Van Dyke for the benefit of the choir fund of Market Street Presbyterian Church. Miss Bessie Tudor, soprano, of Van Wert, and Mr. Tr. ut, pianist, of Toledo, assisted by some of our best local talent, will give a programme of rare excellence. Admission 25cts. 19-31

## How About This?

There are those who will tell you the whole world is best on getting something cheap. Not so! There are times when they want the best and the best only. That's when they go to Harley, the Opera House Pharmacist. "He sells the best." It

## Hot Weather

Bargains at:

G. E. BLUM'S

This week. Wash-goods that is worth 8, 10 and 15c per yard, is sold at special price. See these bargains.

G. E. BLUM,

57 Public Square.